

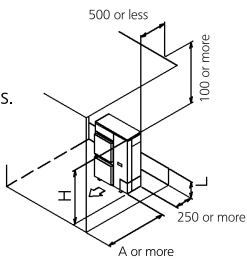
● Obstacle above, too

① Stand-alone installation (Note 2)

- When there are obstacles on suction, discharge and top sides.

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$L \leq 1/2 H$ $1/2 H < L \leq H$	750 or more 1000 or more
$L > H$	Set the stand as : $L \leq H$ Refer to the column of $L \leq H$ for A	



② Series installation (2 or more) (Note 1, 2)

- When there are obstacles on suction, discharge and top sides.

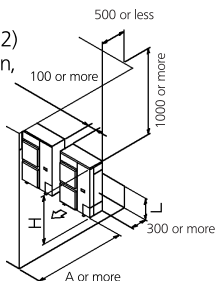
The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$L \leq 1/2 H$ $1/2 H < L \leq H$	1000 or more 1250 or more
$L > H$	Set the stand as : $L \leq H$ Refer to the column of $L \leq H$ for A	

Limit of series installation is 2 units.

Pattern 2

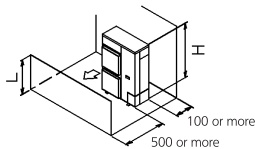
When the obstacle on the discharge side is lower than the unit ( $L \leq H$ ) (There is no limit for the height of obstructions on the suction side.)



● No obstacle above

① Stand-alone installation

- No obstacle above

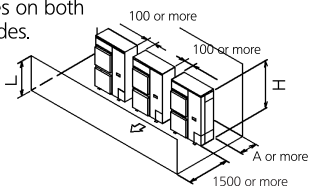


② Series installation (2 or more) (Note 1, 2)

- When there are obstacles on both suction and discharge sides.

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$L \leq 1/2 H$ $1/2 H < L \leq H$	250 or more 300 or more



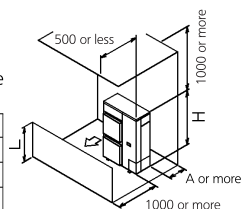
● obstacle above

① Stand-alone installation (Note 2)

- When there are obstacles on suction, discharge and top sides.

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$L \leq 1/2 H$ $1/2 H < L \leq H$	100 or more 200 or more
$L > H$	Set the stand as : $L \leq H$ Refer to the column of $L \leq H$ for A	



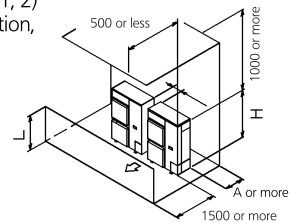
② Series installation (2 or more) (Note 1, 2)

- When there are obstacles on suction, discharge and top sides.

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$L \leq 1/2 H$ $1/2 H < L \leq H$	250 or more 300 or more
$L > H$	Set the stand as : $L \leq H$ Refer to the column of $L \leq H$ for A	

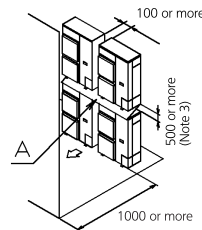
Limit of series installation is 2 units.



(D) Double-decker installation

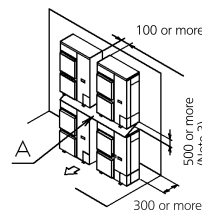
① Obstacle on the discharge side. ( 1 )

- Do not exceed two levels for stacked installation.
- Install a roof cover similar to A (field supply), as outdoor units with downward drainage are prone to dripping and freezing.
- Install the upper-level outdoor unit so that its bottom plate is a sufficient height above the roof cover. This is to prevent the buildup of ice on the underside of the bottom plate.



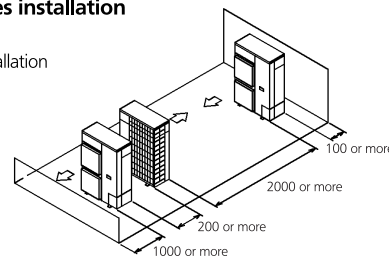
② Obstacle on the suction side. ( 1 )

- Do not exceed two levels for stacked installation.
- Install a roof cover similar to A (field supply), as outdoor units with downward drainage are prone to dripping and freezing.
- Install the upper-level outdoor unit so that its bottom plate is a sufficient height above the roof cover. This is to prevent the buildup of ice on the underside of the bottom plate.



(E) Multiple rows of series installation (on the rooftop, etc.)

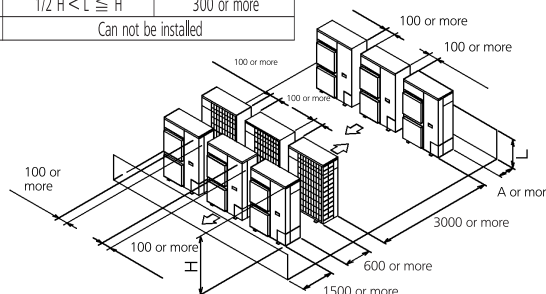
① One row of stand-alone installation



② Rows of series installation (2 or more)

The relations between H, A and L are as follows.

	L	A
$L \leq H$	$L \leq 1/2 H$ $1/2 H < L \leq H$	250 or more 300 or more
$L > H$	Can not be installed	



NOTES

- 1 In case of the sideways's piping, make a 100mm gap between the unit above.
- 2 Close the bottom of the installation frame to prevent the discharged air from being bypassed.
- 3 It is not necessary to install a roof cover if there is no danger of drainage dripping and freezing. In this case, the space between the upper and lower outdoor units should be at least 100mm. Close off the gap between the upper and lower units so there is no reintake of discharged air.