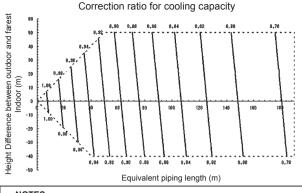
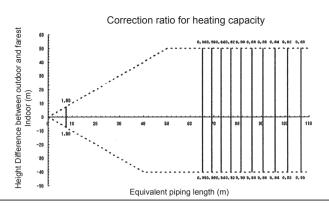
RXYQ10UD





- These figures illustrate the correction ratio for piping length in capacity for a standard indoor unit system at maximum load (with the thermostat set to maximum) under standard conditions. Moreover, under partial load conditions, there is only a minor deviation for the capacity correction ratio, shown it the above figures.
- With this outdoor unit, constant evaporating pressure control when cooling and constant condensing pressure control when heating is carried out.
- Method of calculating the capacity of the outdoor units

The maximum capacity of the system will be either the total capacity of the indoor units or the maximum capacity of the outdoor units as mentioned below, whichever is smaller.

Condition: Indoor connection ratio does not exceed 100%.

Maximum capacity of outdoor units

Capacity of outdoor units from capacity table at the 100% connection ratio

Correction ratio of piping to furthest indoor

Condition: Indoor connection ratio exceeds 100%

Maximum capacity of outdoor units

Capacity of outdoor units from capacity table at installed connection ratio

Correction ratio of piping to furthest indoor

When level difference is 50 m or more (see installation manual and 3D079540 / 3D079543) and equivalent pipe length is 90 m or more, the diameter of the main gas and liquid pipes (outdoor unit - branch sections) must be increased. For new diameters, see below.

Model	Gas	Liquid
RXYQ10P	25.4*	12.7

*If not available on site, do not increase. If not increased correction factor should be applied to the equivalent length (see note 6).

When the pipe length after the first refrigerant branch kit is more than 40 m, pipe size between first and final branch kit must be increased (only for VRV DX indoor units; details see installation manual).

*Refer to the installation manual for allowed system setups and rules for dedicated indoor connection types.

Diameter of main pipes (standard size)

Model	Gas	Liquid
10 HP	22.2	9.5

Equivalent length used in the above figures is based upon the following equivalent length

Equivalent piping length

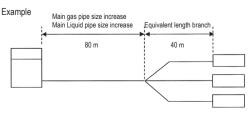
Equivalent length of main pipe

Correction factor

Equivalent length of branch pipes

Choose the correction factor from the following table. When cooling capacity is calculated: gas pipe size When heating capacity is calculated: liquid pipe size

	Correct	Correction factor		
	Standard size	Size increase		
Cooling (gas pipe)	1.0	0.5		
Heating (liquid pipe)	1.0	0.5		



(Cooling) Overall equivalent length = 80 m x 0.5 + 40 m = 80 m In the above case

(Heating) Overall equivalent length = 80 m x 0.5 + 40 m = 80 m

The rete of change in cooling capacity when height difference = 0 is thus approximately 0.87 heating capacity when height difference = 0 is thus approximately 0.90