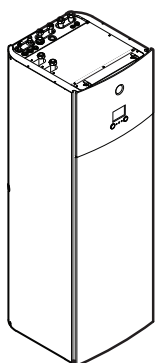




Installation manual

Daikin Altherma 3 R MT F



<https://daikintechdatahub.eu>



ELVZ12S18E▲6V▼
ELVZ12S23E▲6V▼

ELVZ12S18E▲9W▼
ELVZ12S23E▲9W▼

▲ = 1, 2, 3, ..., 9, A, B, C, ..., Z
▼ = , , 1, 2, 3, ..., 9

Installation manual
Daikin Altherma 3 R MT F

English

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1 About this document



INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.

Target audience

Authorised installers

Documentation set

This document is part of a documentation set. The complete set consists of:

- **General safety precautions:**
 - Safety instructions that you must read before installing
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)
- **Operation manual:**
 - Quick guide for basic usage
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)
- **User reference guide:**
 - Detailed step-by-step instructions and background information for basic and advanced usage
 - Format: Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.
- **Installation manual – Outdoor unit:**
 - Installation instructions
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the outdoor unit)
- **Installation manual – Indoor unit:**
 - Installation instructions
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit)
- **Installer reference guide:**
 - Preparation of the installation, good practices, reference data, ...
 - Format: Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.
- **Addendum book for optional equipment:**
 - Additional info about how to install optional equipment
 - Format: Paper (in the box of the indoor unit) + Digital files on <https://www.daikin.eu>. Use the search function 🔍 to find your model.

2 Specific installer safety instructions

The latest revision of the supplied documentation is published on the regional Daikin website and is available via your dealer.

The original instructions are written in English. All other languages are translations of the original instructions.

Technical engineering data

- A **subset** of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible).
- The **full set** of the latest technical data is available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

Online tools

In addition to the documentation set, some online tools are available for installers:

- **Daikin Technical Data Hub**
 - Central hub for technical specifications of the unit, useful tools, digital resources, and more.
 - Publicly accessible via <https://daikintechdatahub.eu>.
- **Heating Solutions Navigator**
 - Digital toolbox that offers a variety of tools to facilitate the installation and configuration of heating systems.
 - To access the Heating Solutions Navigator, registration to the Stand By Me platform is required. For more information, see <https://professional.standbyme.daikin.eu>.
- **Daikin e-Care**
 - Mobile app for installers and service technicians that allows you to register, configure and troubleshoot heating systems.
 - Use the QR codes below to download the mobile app for iOS and Android devices. Registration to the Stand By Me platform is required to access the app.

App Store



Google Play



2 Specific installer safety instructions



INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.

Always observe the following safety instructions and regulations.

Unit installation (see "[4 Unit installation](#)" ▶ 5))



WARNING

Installation shall be done by an installer, the choice of materials and installation shall comply with the applicable legislation. In Europe, EN378 is the applicable standard.

Installation site (see "[4.1 Preparing the installation site](#)" ▶ 5))



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



WARNING

DO NOT reuse refrigerant piping that has been used with any other refrigerant. Replace the refrigerant pipes or clean thoroughly.



WARNING

Follow the service space dimensions in this manual to install the unit correctly. See "[4.1.1 Installation site requirements of the indoor unit](#)" ▶ 5].



WARNING

Chimney connection. When connecting a chimney, take the following into account:

- Unit's connection point for the chimney = 1" male thread. Use a compatible counterpart for the chimney.
- Make sure the connection is airtight.
- The chimney material is unimportant.



CAUTION

Install the indoor unit at a minimum distance of 1 m from other heat sources (>80°C) (e.g. electrical heater, oil heater, chimney) and combustible materials. Otherwise the unit may be damaged or in extreme cases catch fire.

Special requirements for R32 (see "[4.1.2 Special requirements for R32 units](#)" ▶ 5))



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean the equipment, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that R32 refrigerant does NOT contain an odour.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage and in a well-ventilated room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater) and have a room size as specified below.



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed ONLY by authorised persons.

Opening and closing the unit (see "[4.2 Opening and closing the unit](#)" ▶ 12))



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



DANGER: RISK OF BURNING/SCALDING

Mounting the indoor unit (see "[4.3 Mounting the indoor unit](#)" ▶ 13))



WARNING

Fixing method of the indoor unit MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "[4.3 Mounting the indoor unit](#)" ▶ 13].

Piping installation (see "[5 Piping installation](#)" ▶ 14))



WARNING

Field piping MUST be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "[5 Piping installation](#)" ▶ 14].

Electrical installation (see "[6 Electrical installation](#)" ▶ 17))



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION

3 About the box



WARNING

Electrical wiring **MUST** be in accordance with the instructions from:

- This manual. See "[6 Electrical installation](#)" [p 17].
- The wiring diagram, which is delivered with the unit, located on the inside of the indoor unit switch box cover. For a translation of its legend, see "[10.2 Wiring diagram: Indoor unit](#)" [p 41].



WARNING

- All wiring **MUST** be performed by an authorised electrician and **MUST** comply with the applicable national wiring regulation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on-site and all electrical construction **MUST** comply with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

If the supply cord is damaged, it **MUST** be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



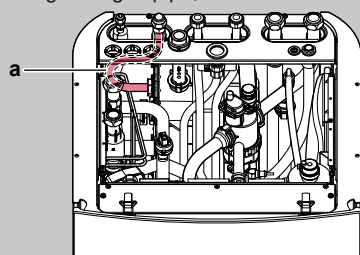
CAUTION

Do **NOT** push or place redundant cable length into the unit.



WARNING

Make sure that the electrical wiring does **NOT** touch the refrigerant gas pipe, which can be very hot.



a Refrigerant gas pipe



WARNING

The backup heater **MUST** have a dedicated power supply and **MUST** be protected by the safety devices required by the applicable legislation.



CAUTION

To guarantee the unit is completely earthed, **ALWAYS** connect the backup heater power supply and the earth cable.



INFORMATION

For details on the fuse ratings, the fuse types and the circuit breaker ratings, see "[6 Electrical installation](#)" [p 17].

Commissioning (see "[8 Commissioning](#)" [p 37])





WARNING

Commissioning **MUST** be in accordance with the instructions from this manual. See "[8 Commissioning](#)" [p 37].



WARNING

Air purging heat emitters or collectors. Before you purge air from heat emitters or collectors, check if  or  is displayed on the home screen of the user interface.

- If not, you can purge air immediately.
- If yes, make sure that the room where you want to purge air is sufficiently ventilated. **Reason:** Refrigerant might leak into the water circuit, and subsequently into the room when you purge air from the heat emitters or collectors.

3 About the box



INFORMATION

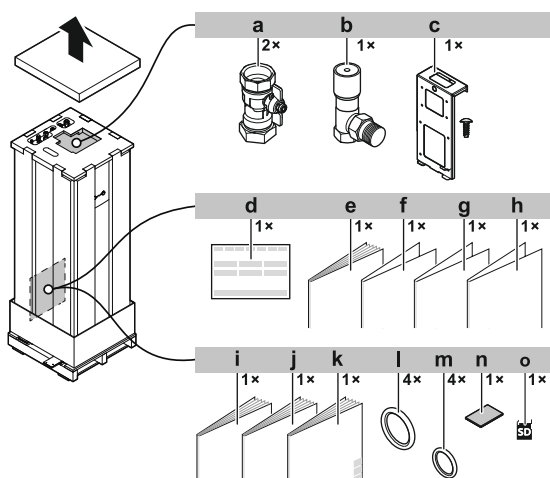
This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are **NOT** applicable.

Keep the following in mind:

- At delivery, the unit **MUST** be checked for damage and completeness. Any damage or missing parts **MUST** be reported immediately to the claims agent of the carrier.
- Bring the packed unit as close as possible to its final installation position to prevent damage during transport.
- Prepare in advance the path along which you want to bring the unit to its final installation position.

3.1 Indoor unit

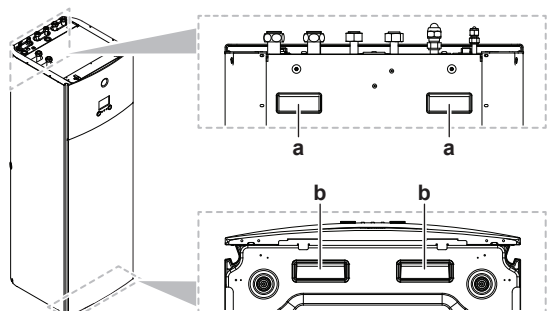
3.1.1 To remove the accessories from the indoor unit



- a Shut-off valve
- b Differential pressure bypass valve
- c Mounting plate (+ screw) for demand PCB (EKRP1AHTA) and digital I/O PCB (EKRP1HBAA)
- d Declaration of conformity
- e Addendum book for optional equipment
- f Addendum software changelog
- g Addendum commercial warranty
- h Addendum contactor terminals
- i General safety precautions
- j Indoor unit installation manual
- k Operation manual
- l Sealing ring for shut-off valves (space heating water circuit)
- m Sealing ring for field-supplied shut-off valves (domestic hot water circuit)
- n Sealing tape for low voltage wiring intake
- o WLAN cartridge

3.1.2 To handle the indoor unit

Use the handles at the back and at the bottom to carry the unit.



- a Handles at the back of the unit
b Handles at the bottom of the unit. Carefully tilt the unit backwards so that the handles become visible.

4 Unit installation



INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.



WARNING

Installation shall be done by an installer, the choice of materials and installation shall comply with the applicable legislation. In Europe, EN378 is the applicable standard.

4.1 Preparing the installation site



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater).



NOTICE

This unit is designed for operation on 2 temperature zones:

- underfloor heating in the **main zone**, this is the zone with the **lowest water temperature**,
- radiators in the **additional zone**, this is the zone with the **highest water temperature**.



WARNING

DO NOT reuse refrigerant piping that has been used with any other refrigerant. Replace the refrigerant pipes or clean thoroughly.

4.1.1 Installation site requirements of the indoor unit

- The indoor unit is designed for indoor installation only and for the following ambient temperatures:
 - Space heating operation: 5~30°C
 - Space cooling operation: 5~35°C
 - Domestic hot water production: 5~35°C
- Mind the following measurements guidelines:

| | |
|---|------|
| Maximum refrigerant piping length ^(a) between indoor unit and outdoor unit | 50 m |
| Minimum refrigerant piping length ^(a) between indoor unit and outdoor unit | 3 m |
| Maximum height difference between indoor unit and outdoor unit | 30 m |

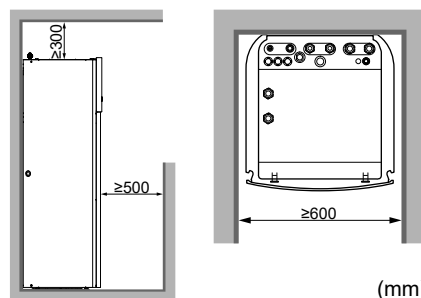
^(a) Refrigerant piping length is the one-way length of liquid piping.

- Mind the following spacing installation guidelines:



CAUTION

Install the indoor unit at a minimum distance of 1 m from other heat sources (>80°C) (e.g. electrical heater, oil heater, chimney) and combustible materials. Otherwise the unit may be damaged or in extreme cases catch fire.



(mm)

Additionally to the spacing guidelines: Because the total refrigerant charge in the system is ≥1.84 kg, the room where you install the indoor unit must also comply with the conditions described in "4.1.3 Installation patterns" [p 6].



INFORMATION

If you have limited installation space, do the following before installing the unit in its final position: "4.3.2 To connect the drain hose to the drain" [p 14]. It requires to remove one or both side panels.



NOTICE

When the temperature in multiple rooms is controlled by 1 thermostat, do NOT place a thermostatic valve on the emitter in the room where the thermostat is installed.

4.1.2 Special requirements for R32 units

Additionally to the spacing guidelines: Because the total refrigerant charge in the system is ≥1.84 kg, the room where you install the indoor unit must also comply with the conditions described in "4.1.3 Installation patterns" [p 6].



WARNING

- Do NOT pierce or burn refrigerant cycle parts.
- Do NOT use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean the equipment, other than those recommended by the manufacturer.
- Be aware that R32 refrigerant does NOT contain an odour.



WARNING

The appliance shall be stored so as to prevent mechanical damage and in a well-ventilated room without continuously operating ignition sources (example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater) and have a room size as specified below.



NOTICE

- Do NOT re-use joints and copper gaskets which have been used already.
- Joints made in the installation between parts of the refrigerant system shall be accessible for maintenance purposes.



WARNING

Make sure installation, servicing, maintenance and repair comply with instructions from Daikin and with applicable legislation (for example national gas regulation) and are executed ONLY by authorised persons.

4 Unit installation



NOTICE

- The pipework shall be securely mounted and guarded protected from physical damage.
- Keep the pipework installation to a minimum.

4.1.3 Installation patterns



WARNING

For units using the R32 refrigerant it is necessary to keep any required ventilation openings and chimneys clear of obstructions.

Depending on the type of room in which you install the indoor unit, different installation patterns are allowed:

| Room type | Allowed patterns |
|--|------------------|
| Living room, kitchen, garage, attic, basement, storage room | 1, 2, 3 |
| Technical room (i.e. room that is NEVER occupied by persons) | 1, 2, 3, 4 |

| | PATTERN 1 | PATTERN 2 | PATTERN 3 | PATTERN 4 |
|--|--|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | |
| Ventilation openings | N/A | Between room A and B | N/A | Between room A and outside |
| Minimum floor area | Room A | Room A + Room B | N/A | N/A |
| Chimney | Might be needed | Might be needed | Connected to outside | N/A |
| Release in case of refrigerant leakage | Inside room A | Inside room A | Outside | Inside room A |
| Restrictions | See "PATTERN 1" [p 7], "PATTERN 2" [p 8], "PATTERN 3" [p 10], and "Tables for PATTERN 1, 2 and 3" [p 10] | | | See "PATTERN 4" [p 12] |

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| A | Room A (= room where indoor unit is installed) |
| B | Room B (= adjacent room) |
| a | If no chimney is installed, this is the default point of release in case of refrigerant leakage. If needed, you can connect a chimney here. |
| b | Chimney |
| c1 | Bottom opening for natural ventilation |
| c2 | Top opening for natural ventilation |
| H_{release} | Actual release height: 1a/2a : Without chimney. From floor to top of the unit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For 180 l units => H_{release}=1.66 m For 230 l units => H_{release}=1.86 m 1b/2b : With chimney. From floor to top of the chimney. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For 180 l units => H_{release}=1.66 m + Chimney height For 230 l units => H_{release}=1.86 m + Chimney height |

| | |
|------------|--|
| 3a | Installation with chimney connected to the outside. The release height is not relevant. There are no requirements to the minimum floor area. |
| N/A | Not applicable |

Minimum floor area / Release height:

- The minimum floor area requirements depend on the release height of the refrigerant in case of a leakage. The higher the release height, the lower the minimum floor area requirements.
- The default point of release (without chimney) is at the top of the unit. To decrease the minimum floor area requirements, you can increase the release height by installing a chimney. If the chimney leads outside of the building, there are no requirements anymore to the minimum floor area.
- You can also take advantage of the floor area of the adjacent room (= room B) by providing ventilation openings between the two rooms.

- For installations in technical rooms (i.e. room that is NEVER occupied by persons), additionally to patterns 1, 2 and 3, you can also use **PATTERN 4**. For this pattern there are no requirements to the minimum floor area if you provide 2 openings (one at the bottom, one at the top) between the room and the outside to ensure natural ventilation. The room must be protected from frost.

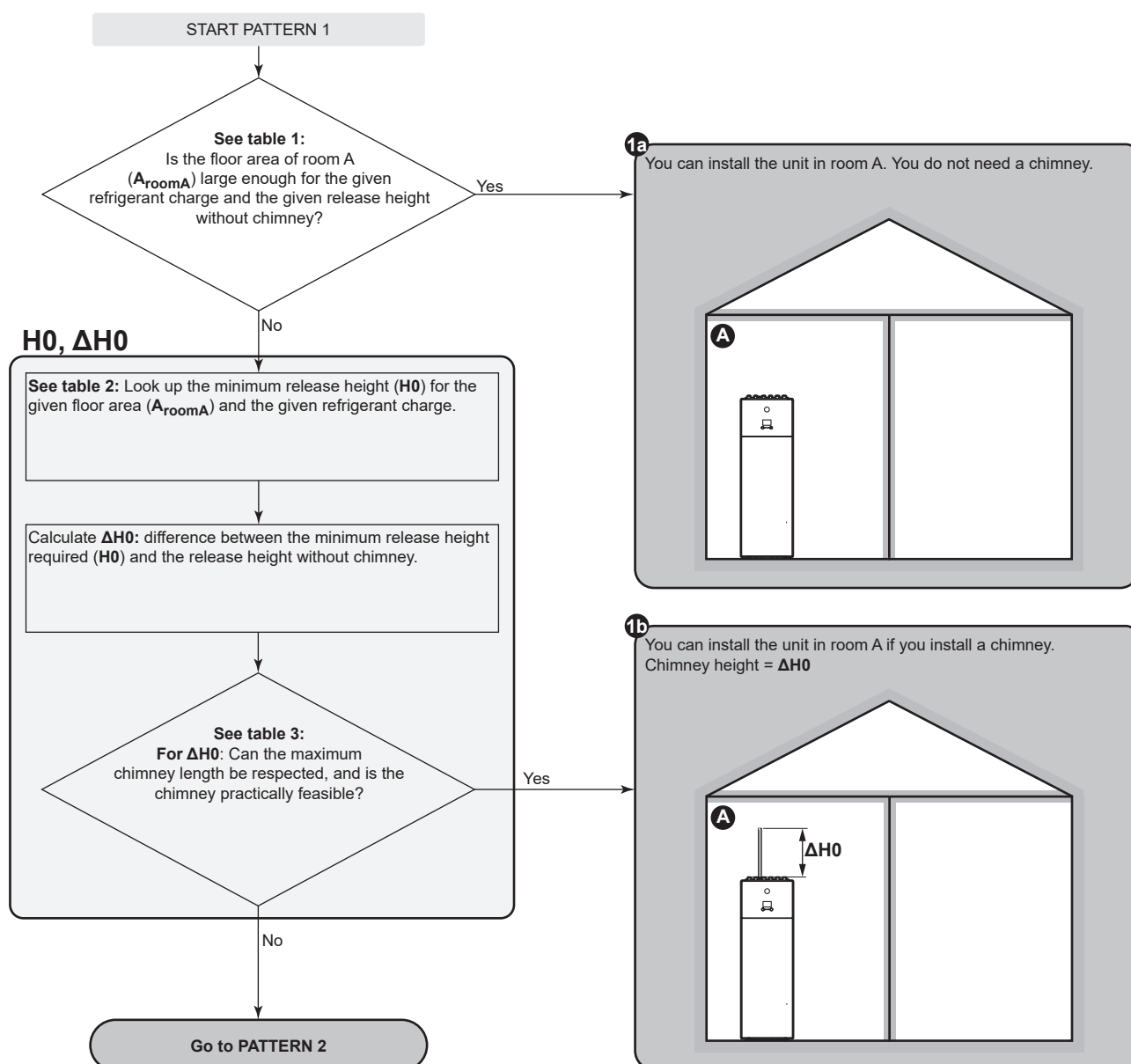


WARNING

Chimney connection. When connecting a chimney, take the following into account:

- Unit's connection point for the chimney = 1" male thread. Use a compatible counterpart for the chimney.
- Make sure the connection is airtight.
- The chimney material is unimportant.

PATTERN 1



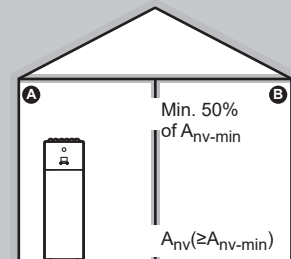
4 Unit installation

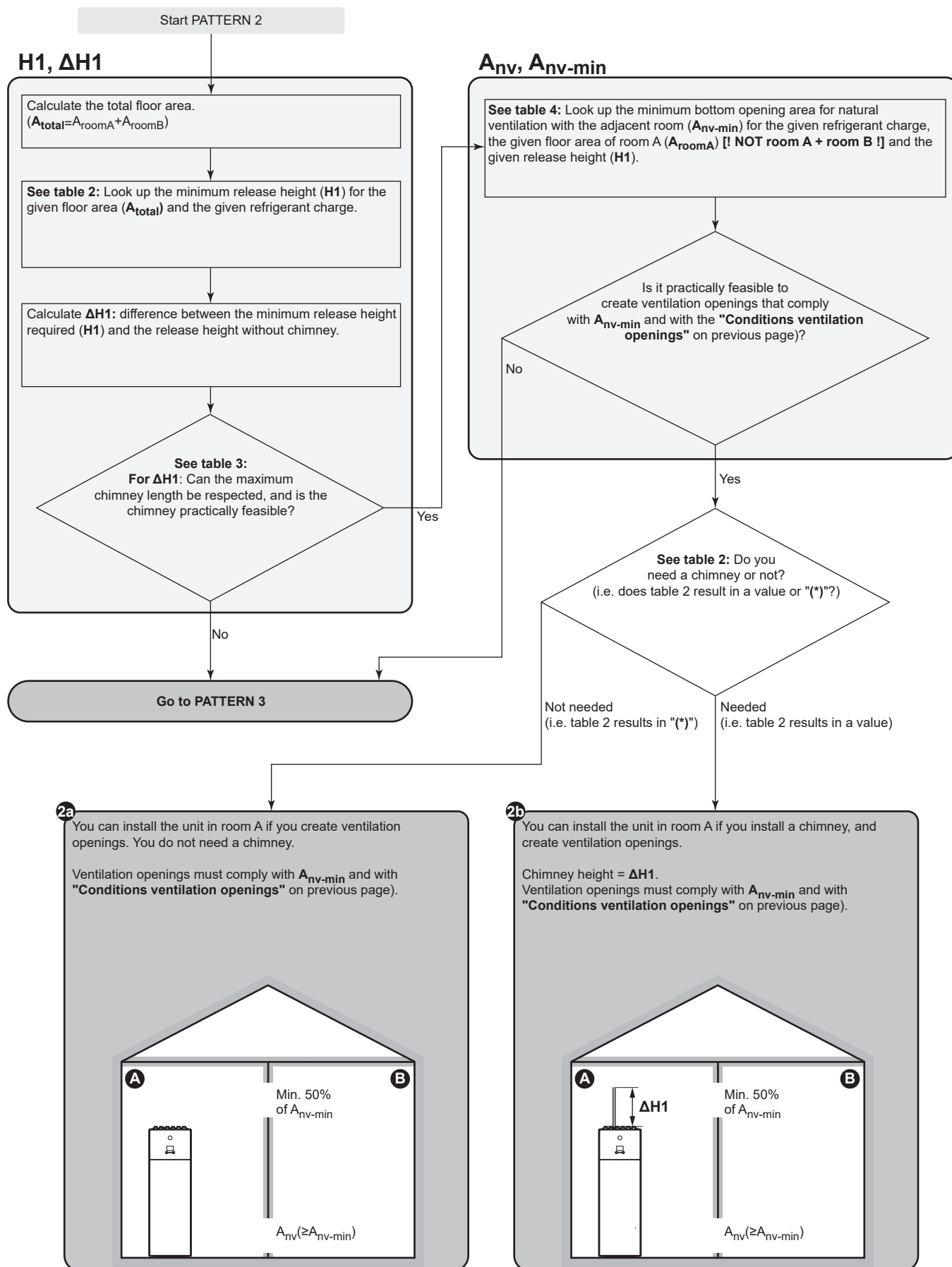
PATTERN 2

PATTERN 2: Conditions ventilation openings

If you want to take advantage of the floor area of the adjacent room, you must provide 2 openings (one at the bottom, one at the top) between the rooms to ensure natural ventilation. The openings must comply with the following conditions:

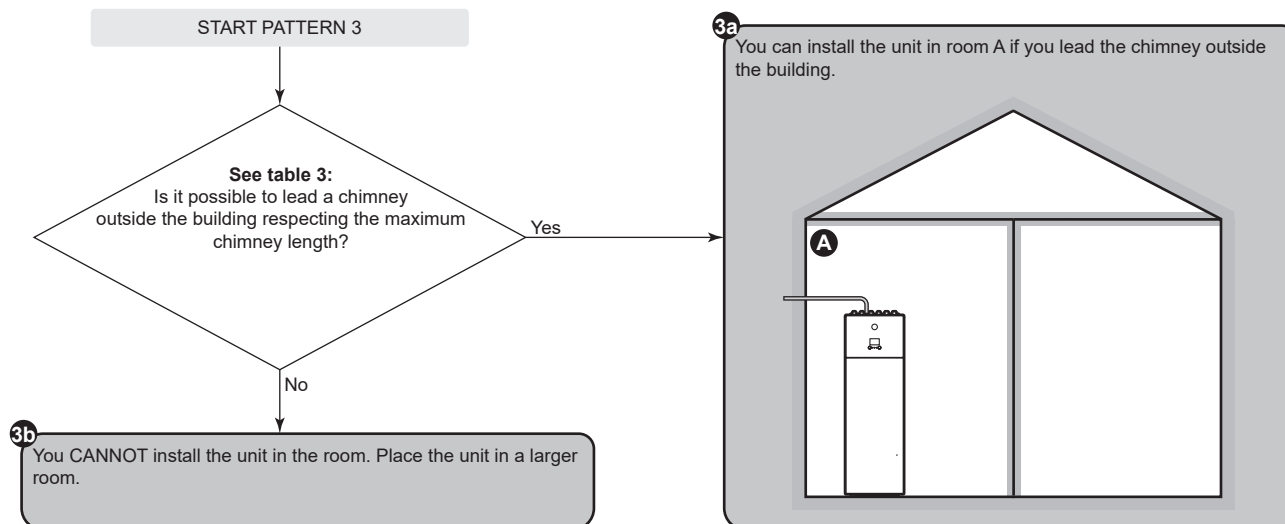
- **Bottom opening (A_{nv}):**
 - Must be a permanent opening that cannot be closed.
 - Must be completely located between 0 and 300 mm from the floor.
 - Must be $\geq A_{nv-min}$ (minimum bottom opening area).
 - $\geq 50\%$ of the required opening area A_{nv-min} must be ≤ 200 mm from the floor.
 - The bottom of the opening must be ≤ 100 mm from the floor.
 - If the opening starts from the floor, the height of the opening must be ≥ 20 mm.
- **Top opening:**
 - Must be a permanent opening that cannot be closed.
 - Must be $\geq 50\%$ of A_{nv-min} (minimum bottom opening area).
 - Must be ≥ 1.5 m from the floor.





4 Unit installation

PATTERN 3



Tables for PATTERN 1, 2 and 3

Table 1: Minimum floor area

For intermediate refrigerant charges, use the row with the higher value. **Example:** If the refrigerant charge is 3.5 kg, use the row of 3.65 kg.

| Charge (kg) | Minimum floor area (m ²) | |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| | Release height without chimney (m) | |
| | 1.66 m (Unit=180 l) | 1.86 m (Unit=230 l) |
| 3.25 kg | 11.73 m ² | 9.33 m ² |
| 3.45 kg | 13.22 m ² | 10.52 m ² |
| 3.65 kg | 14.80 m ² | 11.77 m ² |
| 3.85 kg | 16.46 m ² | 13.10 m ² |
| 4.05 kg | 18.22 m ² | 14.50 m ² |

Table 2: Minimum release height

Take the following into account:

- For intermediate floor areas, use the column with the lower value. **Example:** If the floor area is 7.25 m², use the column of 6.00 m².
- For intermediate refrigerant charges, use the row with the higher value. **Example:** If the refrigerant charge is 3.5 kg, use the row of 3.65 kg.
- (*): The release height of the unit without chimney (for 180 l units: 1.66 m; for 230 l units: 1.86 m) is already higher than the minimum required release height. => OK (no chimney needed).

| Charge (kg) | Minimum release height (m) | | | | | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Floor area (m ²) | | | | | | |
| | 4.00 m ² | 6.00 m ² | 8.00 m ² | 10.00 m ² | 12.00 m ² | 14.00 m ² | 16.00 m ² |
| 3.25 kg | 3.53 m | 2.35 m | 2.01 m | 1.80 m | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 3.45 kg | 3.75 m | 2.50 m | 2.14 m | 1.91 m | 1.74 m | (*) | (*) |
| 3.65 kg | 3.96 m | 2.64 m | 2.26 m | 2.02 m | 1.84 m | 1.71 m | (*) |
| 3.85 kg | 4.18 m | 2.79 m | 2.38 m | 2.13 m | 1.95 m | 1.80 m | 1.68 m |
| 4.05 kg | 4.40 m | 2.93 m | 2.51 m | 2.24 m | 2.05 m | 1.89 m | 1.77 m |

Table 3: Maximum chimney length

When installing a chimney, the chimney length must be less than the maximum chimney length.

- Use the columns with the correct refrigerant charge. For intermediate refrigerant charges, use the columns with the higher value. **Example:** If the refrigerant charge is 3.5 kg, use the columns of 4.05 kg.
- For intermediate diameters, use the column with the lower value. **Example:** If the diameter is 23 mm, use the column of 22 mm.
- X: Not allowed

| Maximum chimney length (m) – In case of Refrigerant charge=3.25 kg (and T=60°C) | | | | | | In case of Refrigerant charge=4.05 kg (and T=60°C) | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|---------|----------|----------|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Chimney | Inside diameter of chimney (mm) | | | | | Inside diameter of chimney (mm) | | | | |
| | 20 mm | 22 mm | 24 mm | 26 mm | 28 mm | 20 mm | 22 mm | 24 mm | 26 mm | 28 mm |
| Straight pipe | 24.41 m | 42.18 m | 67.50 m | 102.40 m | 149.26 m | 13.28 m | 24.78 m | 41.27 m | 64.11 m | 94.87 m |
| 1× 90° elbow | 22.61 m | 40.20 m | 65.34 m | 100.06 m | 146.74 m | 11.48 m | 22.80 m | 39.11 m | 61.77 m | 92.35 m |
| 2× 90° elbow | 20.81 m | 38.22 m | 63.18 m | 97.72 m | 144.22 m | 9.68 m | 20.82 m | 36.95 m | 59.43 m | 89.83 m |
| 3× 90° elbow | 19.01 m | 36.24 m | 61.02 m | 95.38 m | 141.70 m | 7.88 m | 18.84 m | 34.79 m | 57.09 m | 87.31 m |

Table 4: Minimum bottom opening area for natural ventilation

Take the following into account:

- Use the correct table. For intermediate refrigerant charges, use the table with the higher value. **Example:** If the refrigerant charge is 3.5 kg, use the table of 3.65 kg.
- For intermediate floor areas, use the column with the lower value. **Example:** If the floor area is 7.25 m², use the column of 6.00 m².
- For intermediate release height values, use the row with the lower value. **Example:** If the release height is 1.90 m, use the row of 1.86 m.
- A_{nv}: Bottom opening area for natural ventilation.
- A_{nv-min}: Minimum bottom opening area for natural ventilation.
- (*): Already OK (no ventilation openings needed).

| A _{nv-min} (dm ²) – In case of Refrigerant charge=3.25 kg | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Release height (m) | Floor area of room A (m ²) [! NOT room A + room B !] | | | | | | |
| | 4.00 m ² | 6.00 m ² | 8.00 m ² | 10.00 m ² | 12.00 m ² | 14.00 m ² | 16.00 m ² |
| 1.66 m | 4.186 dm ² | 2.327 dm ² | 1.474 dm ² | 0.689 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 1.86 m | 3.531 dm ² | 1.563 dm ² | 0.600 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.06 m | 2.953 dm ² | 0.882 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.26 m | 2.436 dm ² | 0.266 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.46 m | 1.967 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.66 m | 1.537 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.86 m | 1.141 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 3.06 m | 0.773 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |

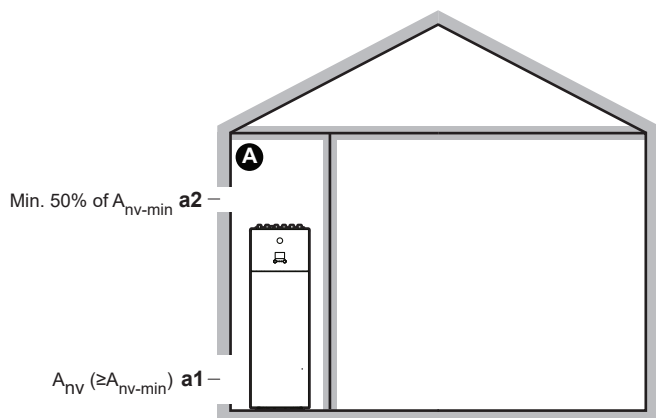
| A _{nv-min} (dm ²) – In case of Refrigerant charge=3.65 kg | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Release height (m) | Floor area of room A (m ²) [! NOT room A + room B !] | | | | | | |
| | 4.00 m ² | 6.00 m ² | 8.00 m ² | 10.00 m ² | 12.00 m ² | 14.00 m ² | 16.00 m ² |
| 1.66 m | 5.159 dm ² | 3.300 dm ² | 2.513 dm ² | 1.788 dm ² | 1.048 dm ² | 0.303 dm ² | (*) |
| 1.86 m | 4.450 dm ² | 2.482 dm ² | 1.581 dm ² | 0.751 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.06 m | 3.827 dm ² | 1.756 dm ² | 0.749 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.26 m | 3.269 dm ² | 1.100 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.46 m | 2.766 dm ² | 0.502 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.66 m | 2.306 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.86 m | 1.882 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 3.06 m | 1.490 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |

| A _{nv-min} (dm ²) – In case of Refrigerant charge=4.05 kg | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Release height (m) | Floor area of room A (m ²) [! NOT room A + room B !] | | | | | | |
| | 4.00 m ² | 6.00 m ² | 8.00 m ² | 10.00 m ² | 12.00 m ² | 14.00 m ² | 16.00 m ² |
| 1.66 m | 6.132 dm ² | 4.272 dm ² | 3.551 dm ² | 2.886 dm ² | 2.198 dm ² | 1.498 dm ² | 0.792 dm ² |
| 1.86 m | 5.369 dm ² | 3.401 dm ² | 2.562 dm ² | 1.789 dm ² | 1.002 dm ² | 0.209 dm ² | (*) |
| 2.06 m | 4.700 dm ² | 2.629 dm ² | 1.681 dm ² | 0.809 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.26 m | 4.103 dm ² | 1.934 dm ² | 0.886 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.46 m | 3.565 dm ² | 1.302 dm ² | 0.160 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.66 m | 3.074 dm ² | 0.721 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 2.86 m | 2.624 dm ² | 0.183 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 3.06 m | 2.206 dm ² | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |

4 Unit installation

PATTERN 4

PATTERN 4 is only allowed for installations in technical rooms (i.e. room that is NEVER occupied by persons). For this pattern there are no requirements to the minimum floor area if you provide 2 openings (one at the bottom, one at the top) between the room and the outside to ensure natural ventilation. The room must be protected from frost.



| | |
|-----------|--|
| A | Unoccupied room where the indoor unit is installed. Must be protected from frost. |
| a1 | A_{nv}: Bottom opening for natural ventilation between the unoccupied room and the outside. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Must be a permanent opening that cannot be closed. Must be above ground level. Must be completely located between 0 and 300 mm from the floor of the unoccupied room. Must be $\geq A_{nv-min}$ (minimum bottom opening area as specified in the table below). $\geq 50\%$ of the required opening area A_{nv-min} must be ≤ 200 mm from the floor of the unoccupied room. The bottom of the opening must be ≤ 100 mm from the floor of the unoccupied room. If the opening starts from the floor, the height of the opening must be ≥ 20 mm. |
| a2 | Top opening for natural ventilation between room A and the outside. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Must be a permanent opening that cannot be closed. Must be $\geq 50\%$ of A_{nv-min} (minimum bottom opening area as specified in the table below). Must be ≥ 1.5 m from the floor of the unoccupied room. |

A_{nv-min} (minimum bottom opening area for natural ventilation)

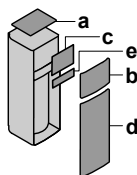
The minimum bottom opening area for natural ventilation between the unoccupied room and the outside depends on the total refrigerant in the system. For intermediate refrigerant charges, use the row with the higher value. **Example:** If the refrigerant charge is 3.5 kg, use the row of 3.55 kg.

| Total refrigerant charge (kg) | A_{nv-min} (dm ²) |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 3.25 kg | 9.1 dm ² |
| 3.35 kg | 9.2 dm ² |
| 3.45 kg | 9.4 dm ² |
| 3.55 kg | 9.5 dm ² |
| 3.65 kg | 9.7 dm ² |
| 3.75 kg | 9.8 dm ² |
| 3.85 kg | 9.9 dm ² |
| 3.95 kg | 10.0 dm ² |
| 4.05 kg | 10.2 dm ² |

4.2 Opening and closing the unit

4.2.1 To open the indoor unit

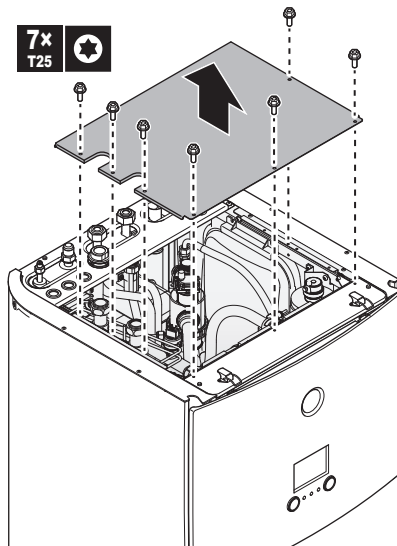
Overview



- a Top panel
- b User interface panel
- c Switch box cover
- d Front panel
- e High voltage switch box cover

Open

- 1 Remove the top panel.

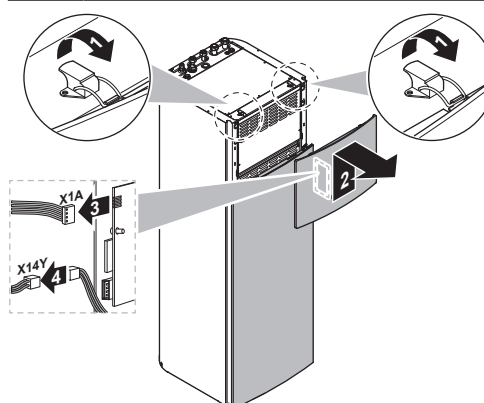


- 2 Remove the user interface panel. Open the hinges at the top and slide the top panel upwards.

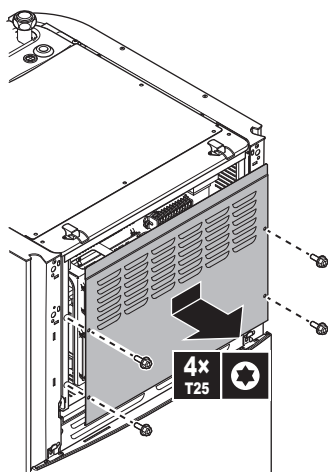


NOTICE

If you remove the user interface panel, also disconnect the cables from the back of the user interface panel to prevent damage.

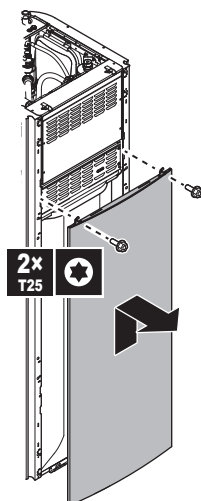


- 3 Remove the switch box cover.

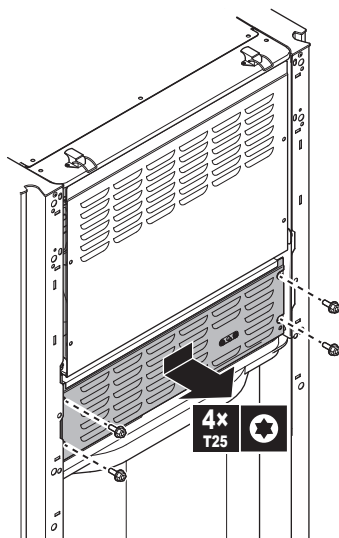


4 If necessary, remove the front plate. This is, for example, necessary in the following cases:

- "4.2.2 To lower the switch box" [▶ 13]
- "4.3.2 To connect the drain hose to the drain" [▶ 14]
- When you need access to the high voltage switch box



5 If you need access to the high voltage components, remove the high voltage switch box cover.

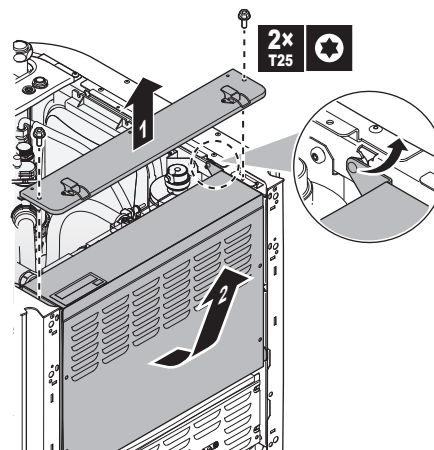


4.2.2 To lower the switch box

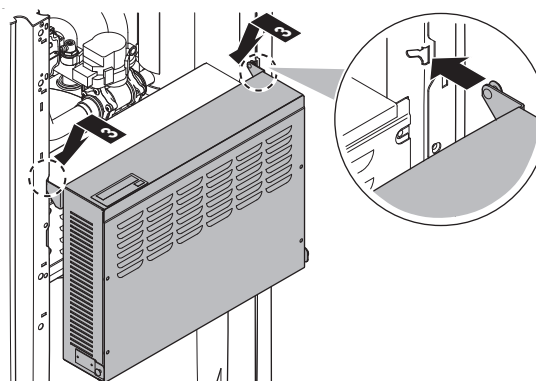
During the installation, you will need access to the inside of the indoor unit. To have easier front access, hang the switch box outside the unit, over the high voltage switch box cover.

Prerequisite: The user interface panel and front panel have been removed.

- 1 Remove the fixing plate at the top of the unit.
- 2 Tilt the switch box to the front and lift it out of its hinges.



3 Hang the switch box in front of the high voltage switch box cover. Use the 2 hinges located lower on the unit.



4.2.3 To close the indoor unit

- 1 Close the cover of the switch box.
- 2 Put the switch box back into place.
- 3 Reinstall the top panel.
- 4 Reinstall the side panels.
- 5 Reinstall the front panel.
- 6 Reconnect the cables to the user interface panel.
- 7 Reinstall the user interface panel.



NOTICE

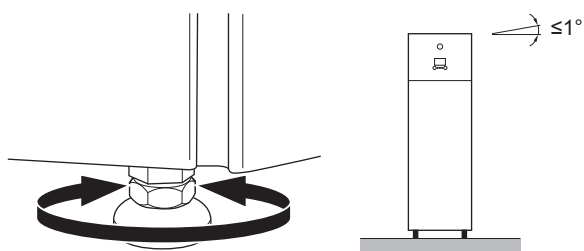
When closing the indoor unit, make sure that the tightening torque does NOT exceed 4.1 N·m.

4.3 Mounting the indoor unit

4.3.1 To install the indoor unit

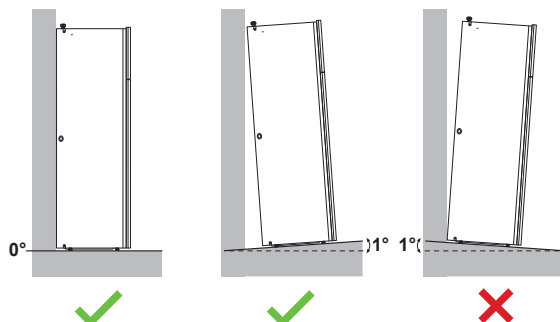
- 1 Lift the indoor unit from the pallet and place it on the floor. Also see "3.1.2 To handle the indoor unit" [▶ 4].
- 2 Connect the drain hose to the drain. See "4.3.2 To connect the drain hose to the drain" [▶ 14].
- 3 Slide the indoor unit into position.
- 4 Adjust the height of the leveling feet to compensate for floor irregularities. The maximum allowed deviation is 1°.

5 Piping installation



NOTICE

Do NOT tilt the unit forwards:



4.3.2 To connect the drain hose to the drain

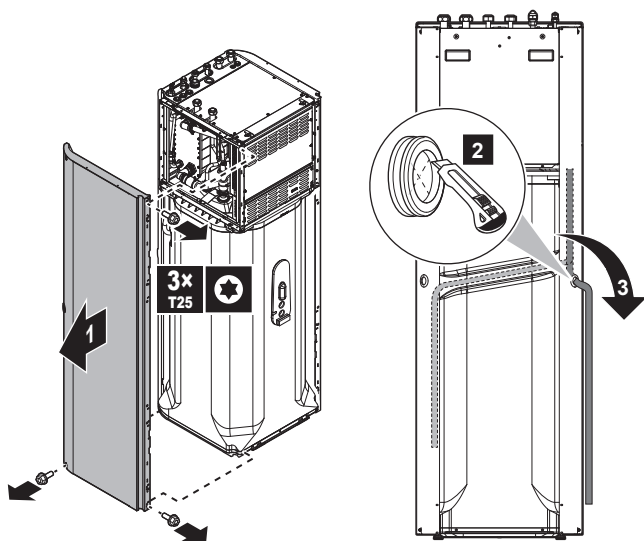
Water coming from the pressure relief valve is collected in the drain pan. The drain pan is connected to a drain hose inside the unit. Connect the drain hose to an appropriate drain according to the applicable legislation. You can route the drain hose through the left or right side panel.

Prerequisite: The user interface panel and front panel have been removed.

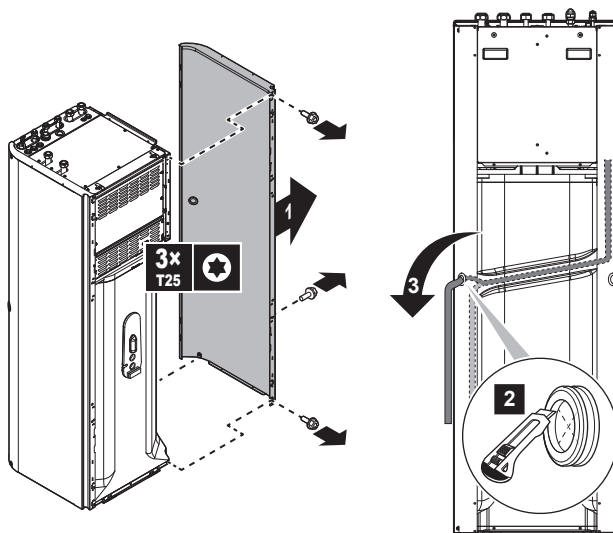
- 1 Remove one of the side panels.
- 2 Cut out the rubber grommet.
- 3 Pull the drain hose through the hole.
- 4 Reattach the side panel. Ensure the water can flow through the drain tube.

It is recommended to use a tundish to collect the water.

Option 1: Through the left side panel



Option 2: Through the right side panel



5 Piping installation



INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.

5.1 Preparing refrigerant piping

5.1.1 Refrigerant piping requirements

Also see "4.1.2 Special requirements for R32 units" [p. 5] for additional requirements.

- **Piping length:** See "4.1.1 Installation site requirements of the indoor unit" [p. 5].
- **Piping material:** phosphoric acid deoxidised seamless copper
- **Piping connections:** Only flare and brazed connections are allowed. The indoor and outdoor units have flare connections. Connect both ends without brazing. If brazing should be needed, take the guidelines in the installer reference guide into account.
- **Flare connections:** Only use annealed material.
- **Piping diameter:**

| | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| Liquid piping | Ø6.4 mm (1/4") |
| Gas piping | Ø15.9 mm (5/8") |

- **Piping temper grade and thickness:**

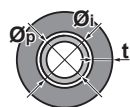
| Outer diameter (Ø) | Temper grade | Thickness (t) ^(a) | |
|--------------------|--------------|------------------------------|--|
| 6.4 mm (1/4") | Annealed (O) | ≥0.8 mm | |
| 15.9 mm (5/8") | Annealed (O) | ≥1.0 mm | |

^(a) Depending on the applicable legislation and the maximum working pressure of the unit (see "PS High" on the unit name plate), larger piping thickness might be required.

5.1.2 Refrigerant piping insulation

- Use polyethylene foam as insulation material:
 - with a heat transfer rate between 0.041 and 0.052 W/mK (0.035 and 0.045 kcal/mh°C)
 - with a heat resistance of at least 120°C
- Insulation thickness:

| Pipe outer diameter (\varnothing_p) | Insulation inner diameter (\varnothing_i) | Insulation thickness (t) |
|--|--|-----------------------------|
| 6.4 mm (1/4") | 8~10 mm | 10 mm |
| 15.9 mm (5/8") | 16~20 mm | 13 mm |



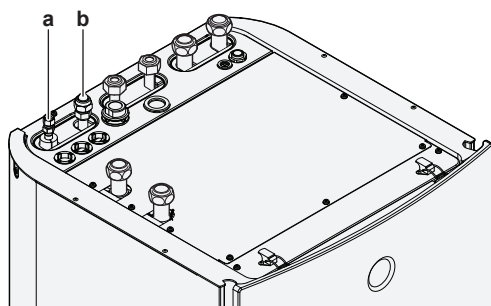
If the temperature is higher than 30°C and the humidity is higher than RH 80%, the thickness of the insulation materials should be at least 20 mm to prevent condensation on the surface of the insulation.

5.2 Connecting refrigerant piping

See the installation manual of the outdoor unit for all guidelines, specifications and installation instructions.

5.2.1 To connect the refrigerant piping to the indoor unit

- 1 Connect the liquid stop valve from the outdoor unit to the refrigerant liquid connection of the indoor unit.



- a Refrigerant liquid connection
b Refrigerant gas connection

- 2 Connect the gas stop valve from the outdoor unit to the refrigerant gas connection of the indoor unit.

5.3 Preparing water piping



NOTICE

In case of plastic pipes, make sure they are fully oxygen diffusion tight according to DIN 4726. The diffusion of oxygen into the piping can lead to excessive corrosion.



NOTICE

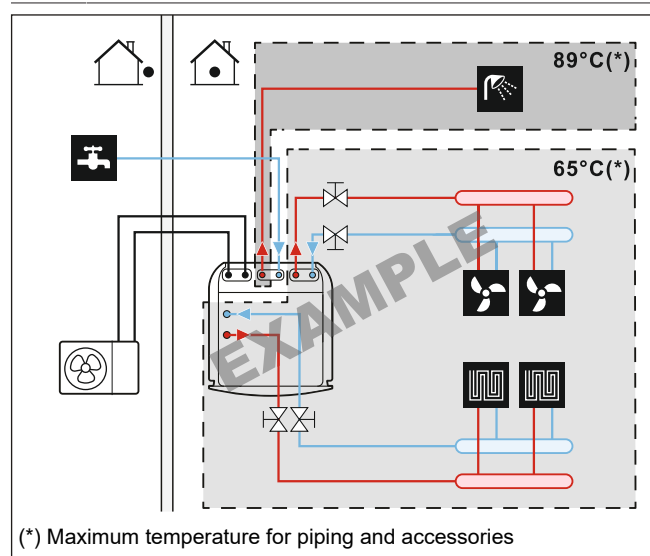
Water circuit requirements. Make sure to comply with the water pressure and water temperature requirements below. For additional water circuit requirements, see the installer reference guide.

- **Water pressure – Domestic hot water.** The maximum water pressure is 10 bar (=1.0 MPa), and must be in accordance with the applicable legislation. Provide adequate safeguards in the water circuit to ensure that the maximum pressure is NOT exceeded (see "5.4.1 To connect the water piping" [p 16]). The minimum water pressure to operate is 1 bar (=0.1 MPa).
- **Water pressure – Space heating/cooling circuit.** The maximum water pressure is 3 bar (=0.3 MPa). Provide adequate safeguards in the water circuit to ensure that the maximum pressure is NOT exceeded. The minimum water pressure to operate is 1 bar (=0.1 MPa).
- **Water temperature.** All installed piping and piping accessories (valve, connections,...) MUST withstand the following temperatures:



INFORMATION

The following figure is an example and may NOT completely match your system layout.



5.3.1 To check the water volume and flow rate

Minimum water volume

Check that the total water volume in the installation is higher than the minimum water volume, the internal water volume of the indoor unit NOT included:

| If... | Then the minimum water volume is... |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Cooling operation | 20 l |
| Heating operation | 0 l |



NOTICE

When circulation in each space heating/cooling loop is controlled by remotely controlled valves, it is important that the minimum water volume is guaranteed, even if all of the valves are closed.

Minimum flow rate

Check that the minimum flow rate in the installation is guaranteed in all conditions on each zone separately. For this purpose, use the differential pressure bypass valve delivered with the unit, and respect the minimum water volume.

| If operation is... | Then the minimum required flow rate is... |
|--------------------|---|
| Cooling | 10 l/min |
| Heating/defrost | 20 l/min |



NOTICE

When circulation in each or certain space heating loops is controlled by remotely controlled valves, it is important that the minimum flow rate is guaranteed, even if all valves are closed. In case the minimum flow rate cannot be reached, a flow error 7H will be generated (no heating or operation).

See the installer reference guide for more information.

See the recommended procedure as described in "8.2 Checklist during commissioning" [p 37].

5 Piping installation

5.4 Connecting water piping

5.4.1 To connect the water piping

NOTICE

Do NOT use excessive force when connecting the piping. Deformation of the piping can cause malfunctioning of the unit.

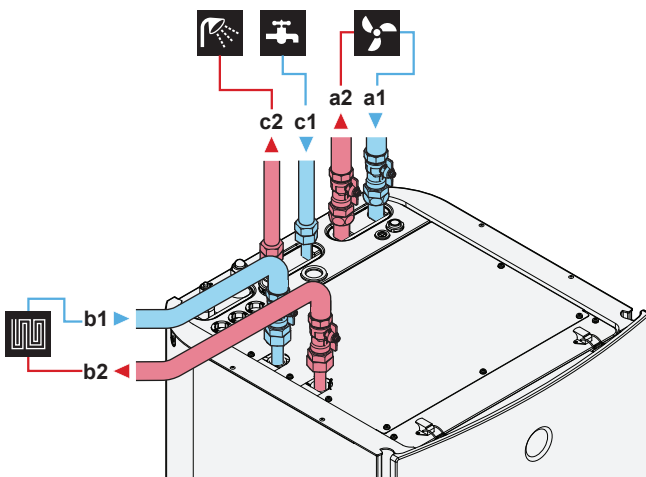
To facilitate service and maintenance, 4 shut-off valves and 1 differential pressure bypass valve are provided. Mount the shut-off valves on the space heating water inlets and space heating water outlets. To ensure the minimum flow rate (and prevent overpressure), install the **differential pressure bypass valve** on the space heating water outlet for the **additional zone**.

NOTICE

This unit is designed for operation on 2 temperature zones:

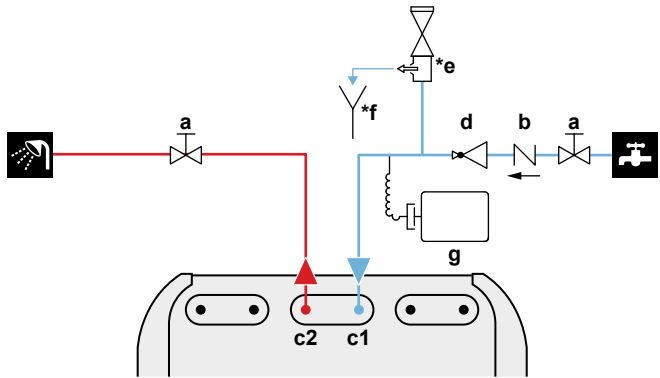
- underfloor heating in the **main zone**, this is the zone with the **lowest water temperature**,
- radiators in the **additional zone**, this is the zone with the **highest water temperature**.

- 1 Install the shut-off valves on the space heating water pipes.
- 2 Screw the indoor unit nuts on the shut-off valve.
- 3 Connect the domestic hot water in and out pipes to the indoor unit.



- a1 Additional zone – Space heating/cooling – Water IN (screw connection, 1")
- a2 Additional zone – Space heating/cooling – Water OUT (screw connection, 1")
- b1 Main zone – Space heating/cooling – Water IN (screw connection, 1")
- b2 Main zone – Space heating/cooling – Water OUT (screw connection, 1")
- c1 DHW – Cold water IN (screw connection, 3/4")
- c2 DHW – Hot water OUT (screw connection, 3/4")

- 4 Install the following components (field supply) on the cold water inlet of the DHW tank:



- a Shut-off valve (recommended)
- b Non-return valve (recommended)
- c1 DHW – Cold water IN (screw connection, 3/4")
- c2 DHW – Hot water OUT (screw connection, 3/4")
- d Pressure reducing valve (recommended)
- *e Pressure relief valve (max. 10 bar (=1.0 MPa)) (mandatory)
- *f Tundish (mandatory)
- g Expansion vessel (recommended)

NOTICE

- It is recommended to install shut-off valves to domestic cold water in and domestic hot water out connections. These shut-off valves are field supplied.
- However, make sure there is no valve between the pressure relief valve (field supply) and the DHW tank.**

NOTICE

A pressure relief valve (field supply) with an opening pressure of maximum 10 bar (=1 MPa) must be installed on the domestic cold water inlet connection in accordance with the applicable legislation.

NOTICE

- A drain device and pressure relief device must be installed on the cold water inlet connection of the domestic hot water cylinder.
- To avoid back siphonage, it is recommended to install a non-return valve on the water inlet of the domestic hot water tank in accordance with the applicable legislation. Make sure it is NOT between the pressure relief valve and the DHW tank.
- It is recommended to install a pressure reducing valve on the cold water inlet in accordance with the applicable legislation.
- It is recommended to install an expansion vessel on the cold water inlet in accordance with the applicable legislation.
- It is recommended to install the pressure relief valve on a higher position than the top of the domestic hot water tank. Heating of the domestic hot water tank causes water to expand and without pressure relief valve the water pressure inside the tank can rise above the tank design pressure. Also the field installation (piping, tapping points, etc.) connected to the tank is subjected to this high pressure. To prevent this, a pressure relief valve needs to be installed. The overpressure prevention depends on the correct operation of the field installed pressure relief valve. If this is NOT working correctly, overpressure will deform the tank and water leakage may occur. To confirm good operation, regular maintenance is required.

NOTICE



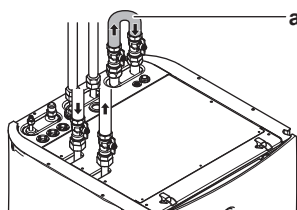
Differential pressure bypass valve (delivered as accessory). We recommend to install the differential pressure bypass valve in the space heating water circuit.

- Mind the minimum water volume when choosing the installation location of the differential pressure bypass valve (at the indoor unit, or at the collector). See ["5.3.1 To check the water volume and flow rate" \[p 15\]](#).
- Mind the minimum flow rate when adjusting the differential pressure bypass valve setting. See ["5.3.1 To check the water volume and flow rate" \[p 15\]](#) and ["8.2.1 To check the minimum flow rate" \[p 38\]](#).

NOTICE

If you install this unit as a single-zone application, then:

Setup. Install a bypass between the space heating water inlet and outlet of the additional zone (=direct zone). Do NOT interrupt the water flow by closing the shut-off valves.



a Bypass

Configuration. Set field setting [7-02]=0 (Number of zones = Single zone).

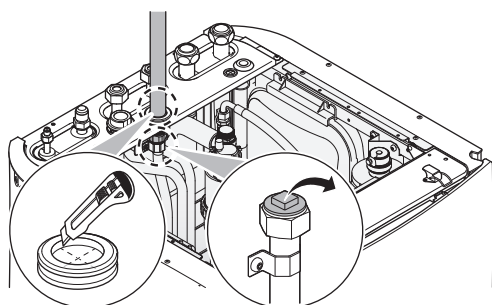
NOTICE

Install air purge valves at all local high points.

5.4.2 To connect the recirculation piping

Prerequisite: Only required if you need recirculation in your system.

- 1 Remove the top panel from the unit, see ["4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" \[p 12\]](#).
- 2 Cut out the rubber grommet on top of the unit, and remove the stop. The recirculation connector is placed below the hole.
- 3 Route the recirculation piping through the grommet and connect it to the recirculation connector.



- 4 Reattach the top panel.

5.4.3 To fill the water circuit

To fill the water circuit, use a field supply filling kit. Make sure you comply with the applicable legislation.

NOTICE

Pump. To prevent blocking of the pump rotor, commission the unit as quickly as possible after filling the water circuit.

INFORMATION

Make sure both air purge valves (one on the magnetic filter and one on the backup heater) are open.

5.4.4 To fill the domestic hot water tank

- 1 Open every hot water tap in turn to purge air from the system pipe work.
- 2 Open the cold water supply valve.
- 3 Close all water taps after all air is purged.
- 4 Check for water leaks.
- 5 Manually operate the field-installed pressure relief valve to ensure a free water flow through the discharge pipe.

5.4.5 To insulate the water piping

The piping in the complete water circuit **MUST** be insulated to prevent condensation during cooling operation and reduction of the heating and cooling capacity.

If the temperature is higher than 30°C and the humidity is higher than RH 80%, the thickness of the insulation materials should be at least 20 mm to prevent condensation on the surface of the insulation.

6 Electrical installation

INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.



DANGER: RISK OF ELECTROCUTION



WARNING

- All wiring **MUST** be performed by an authorised electrician and **MUST** comply with the applicable national wiring regulation.
- Make electrical connections to the fixed wiring.
- All components procured on-site and all electrical construction **MUST** comply with the applicable legislation.



WARNING

ALWAYS use multicore cable for power supply cables.



WARNING

If the supply cord is damaged, it **MUST** be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.



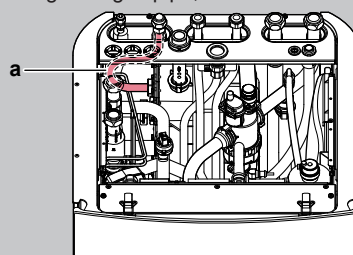
CAUTION

Do **NOT** push or place redundant cable length into the unit.



WARNING

Make sure that the electrical wiring does **NOT** touch the refrigerant gas pipe, which can be very hot.



a Refrigerant gas pipe

6 Electrical installation

6.1 About electrical compliance

Only for the backup heater of the indoor unit

See "6.3.2 To connect the backup heater power supply" ▶ 20].




6.2 Guidelines when connecting the electrical wiring













Tightening torques







Indoor unit:

| Item | Tightening torque (N·m) |
|------------|-------------------------|
| X1M | 2.45 ±10% |
| X2M | 0.88 ±10% |
| X5M | 0.88 ±10% |
| X6M | 2.45 ±10% |
| X10M | 0.88 ±10% |
| M4 (earth) | 1.47 ±10% |

6.3 Connections to the indoor unit

| Item | Description |
|---|--|
| Power supply (main) | See "6.3.1 To connect the main power supply" ▶ 19]. |
| Power supply (backup heater) | See "6.3.2 To connect the backup heater power supply" ▶ 20]. |
| Shut-off valve | See "6.3.3 To connect the shut-off valve" ▶ 21]. |
| Electricity meters | See "6.3.4 To connect the electricity meters" ▶ 22]. |
| Domestic hot water pump | See "6.3.5 To connect the domestic hot water pump" ▶ 22]. |
| Alarm output | See "6.3.6 To connect the alarm output" ▶ 22]. |
| Space cooling/heating operation control | See "6.3.7 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output" ▶ 23]. |
| Power consumption digital inputs | See "6.3.8 To connect the power consumption digital inputs" ▶ 23]. |
| Safety thermostat | See "6.3.9 To connect the safety thermostat (normally closed contact)" ▶ 24]. |
| Smart Grid | See "6.3.10 To connect a Smart Grid" ▶ 25]. |
| WLAN cartridge | See "6.3.11 To connect the WLAN cartridge (delivered as accessory)" ▶ 27]. |
| Room thermostat (wired or wireless) |  See below table. |
| |  Wires: 0.75 mm ² Maximum running current: 100 mA |
| |  For the main zone: ▪ [2.9] Control ▪ [2.A] Ext thermostat type For the additional zone: ▪ [3.A] Ext thermostat type ▪ [3.9] (read-only) Control |

| Item | Description |
|-------------------------|--|
| Heat pump convector |  There are different controllers and setups possible for the heat pump convectors. Depending on the setup, you also need to implement a relay (field supply, see addendum book for optional equipment). For more information, see: ▪ Installation manual of the heat pump convectors ▪ Installation manual of the heat pump convector options ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment |
| |  Wires: 0.75 mm ² Maximum running current: 100 mA |
| |  For the main zone: ▪ [2.9] Control ▪ [2.A] Ext thermostat type For the additional zone: ▪ [3.A] Ext thermostat type ▪ [3.9] (read-only) Control |
| Remote outdoor sensor |  See: ▪ Installation manual of the remote outdoor sensor ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment |
| |  Wires: 2×0.75 mm ² |
| |  [9.B.1]=1 (External sensor = Outdoor) [9.B.2] Ext. amb. sensor offset [9.B.3] Averaging time |
| Remote indoor sensor |  See: ▪ Installation manual of the remote indoor sensor ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment |
| |  Wires: 2×0.75 mm ² |
| |  [9.B.1]=2 (External sensor = Room) [1.7] Room sensor offset |
| Human Comfort Interface |  See: ▪ Installation and operation manual of the Human Comfort Interface ▪ Addendum book for optional equipment |
| |  Wires: 2×(0.75~1.25 mm ²) Maximum length: 500 m |
| |  [2.9] Control [1.6] Room sensor offset |

| Item | Description |
|-------------|--|
| LAN adapter |  See: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the LAN adapter Addendum book for optional equipment  Wires: 2×(0.75~1.25 mm²). Must be sheathed. Maximum length: 200 m |
| |  See installation manual of the LAN adapter |
| WLAN module |  See: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the WLAN module Addendum book for optional equipment Installer reference guide  Use the cable delivered with the WLAN module. |
| |  [D] Wireless gateway |



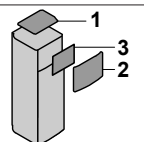
for room thermostat (wired or wireless):

| In case of... | See... |
|--|---|
| Wireless room thermostat | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the wireless room thermostat Addendum book for optional equipment |
| Wired room thermostat without multi-zoning base unit | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the wired room thermostat Addendum book for optional equipment |
| Wired room thermostat with multi-zoning base unit | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation manual of the wired room thermostat (digital or analogue) + multi-zoning base unit Addendum book for optional equipment In this case: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> You need to connect the wired room thermostat (digital or analogue) to the multi-zoning base unit You need to connect the multi-zoning base unit to the outdoor unit For cooling/heating operation, you also need to implement a relay (field supply, see addendum book for optional equipment) |

6.3.1 To connect the main power supply


- Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

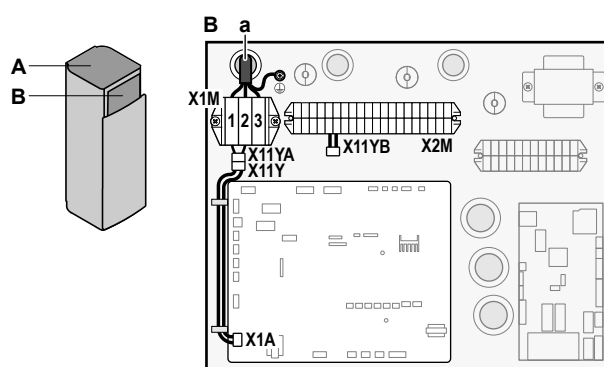
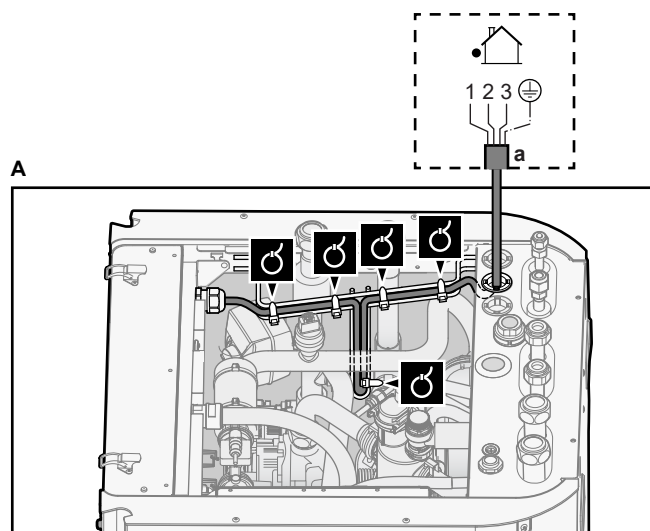
| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Top panel |
| 2 | User interface panel |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover |



- Connect the main power supply.



In case of normal kWh rate power supply

| | |
|---|------------------------|
|  Interconnection cable (= main power supply) | Wires: (3+GND)×1.5 mm² |
|---|------------------------|



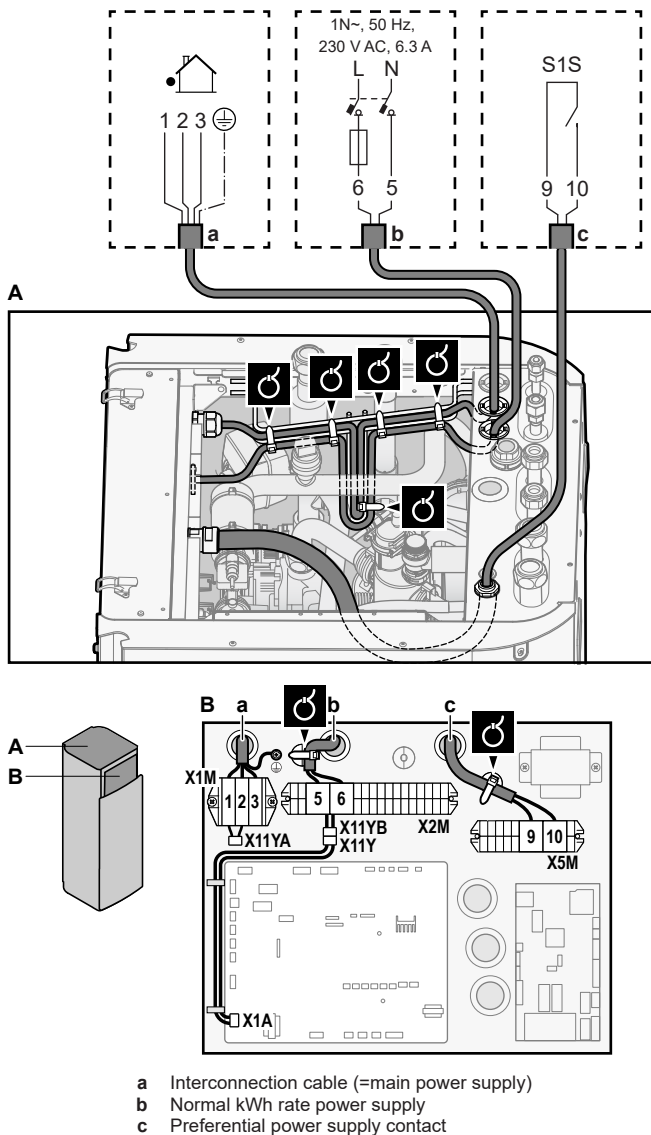
a Interconnection cable (=main power supply)

In case of preferential kWh rate power supply

| | |
|---|--|
|  Interconnection cable (= main power supply) | Wires: (3+GND)×1.5 mm² |
| Normal kWh rate power supply | Wires: 1N Maximum running current: 6.3 A |
| Preferential kWh rate power supply contact | Wires: 2×(0.75~1.25 mm²) Maximum length: 50 m. Preferential kWh rate power supply contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB). The voltage-free contact shall ensure the minimum applicable load of 15 V DC, 10 mA. |
|  [9.8] Benefit kWh power supply | |

Connect X11Y to X11YB.

6 Electrical installation



3 Fix the cables with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.



INFORMATION

In case of preferential kWh rate power supply, connect X11Y to X11YB. The necessity of separate normal kWh rate power supply to indoor unit (b) X2M/5+6 depends on the type of preferential kWh rate power supply.

Separate connection to the indoor unit is required:

- if preferential kWh rate power supply is interrupted when active, OR
- if no power consumption of the indoor unit is allowed at the preferential kWh rate power supply when active.

6.3.2 To connect the backup heater power supply

| Backup heater type | Power supply | Wires |
|--------------------|-----------------|-------|
| *6V | 1N~ 230 V (6V3) | 2+GND |
| | 3~ 230 V (6T1) | 3+GND |
| *9W | 3N~ 400 V | 4+GND |

[9.3] Backup heater



WARNING

The backup heater **MUST** have a dedicated power supply and **MUST** be protected by the safety devices required by the applicable legislation.



CAUTION

To guarantee the unit is completely earthed, **ALWAYS** connect the backup heater power supply and the earth cable.

The backup heater capacity can vary, depending on the indoor unit model. Make sure that the power supply is in accordance with the backup heater capacity, as listed in the table below.

| Backup heater type | Backup heater capacity | Power supply | Maximum running current | Z_{max} |
|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| *6V | 2 kW | 1N~ 230 V ^(a) | 9 A | — |
| | 4 kW | 1N~ 230 V ^(a) | 17 A ^{(b)(c)} | 0.22 Ω |
| | 6 kW | 1N~ 230 V ^(a) | 26 A ^{(b)(c)} | 0.22 Ω |
| | 2 kW | 3~ 230 V ^(d) | 5 A | — |
| | 4 kW | 3~ 230 V ^(d) | 10 A | — |
| | 6 kW | 3~ 230 V ^(d) | 15 A | — |
| *9W | 3 kW | 3N~ 400 V | 4 A | — |
| | 6 kW | 3N~ 400 V | 9 A | — |
| | 9 kW | 3N~ 400 V | 13 A | — |

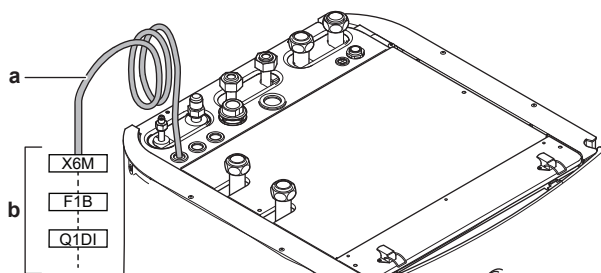
^(a) 6V3

^(b) Electrical equipment complying with EN/IEC 61000-3-12 (European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for harmonic currents produced by equipment connected to public low-voltage systems with input current >16 A and ≤ 75 A per phase).

^(c) This equipment complies with EN/IEC 61000-3-11 (European/International Technical Standard setting the limits for voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems for equipment with rated current ≤ 75 A) provided that the system impedance Z_{sys} is less than or equal to Z_{max} at the interface point between the user's supply and the public system. It is the responsibility of the installer or user of the equipment to ensure, by consultation with the distribution network operator if necessary, that the equipment is connected only to a supply with a system impedance Z_{sys} less than or equal to Z_{max} .

^(d) 6T1

Connect the backup heater power supply as follows:



| Model (power supply) | Connections to backup heater power supply |
|----------------------|---|
| *6V (6V3: 1N~ 230 V) | |
| *6V (6T1: 3~ 230 V) | |
| *9W (3N~ 400 V) | |

F1B Overcurrent fuse (field supply). Recommended fuse: 4-pole; 20 A; curve 400 V; tripping class C.

K5M Safety contactor (in the lower switch box)
Q1DI Earth leakage circuit breaker (field supply)
SWB Switch box
X6M Terminal (field supply)



NOTICE

Do NOT cut or remove the backup heater power supply cable.

6.3.3 To connect the shut-off valve



INFORMATION

Shut-off valve usage example. In case of one LWT zone, and a combination of underfloor heating and heat pump convectors, install a shut-off valve before the underfloor heating to prevent condensation on the floor during cooling operation.



Wires: 2×0.75 mm²

Maximum running current: 100 mA

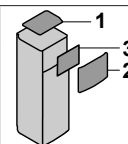
230 V AC supplied by PCB



[2.D] Shut off valve

1 Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

- 1 Top panel
- 2 User interface panel
- 3 Upper switch box cover

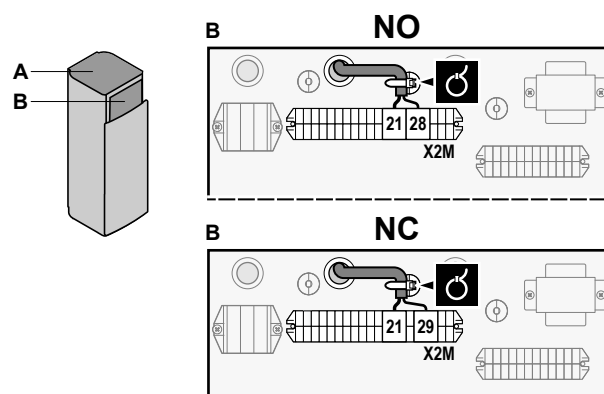
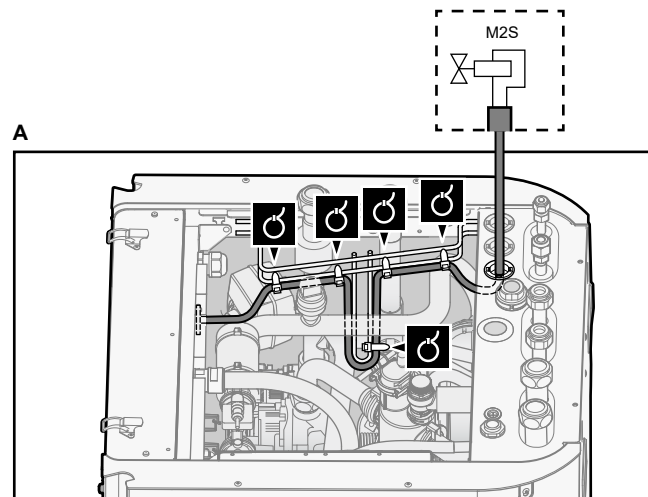


2 Connect the valve control cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.



NOTICE




Wiring is different for a NC (normally closed) valve and a NO (normally open) valve.



6 Electrical installation

- Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

6.3.4 To connect the electricity meters

| | |
|--|---|
|  | Wires: 2 (per meter)×0.75 mm ² |
|  | Electricity meters: 12 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB) |
|  | [9.A] Energy metering |

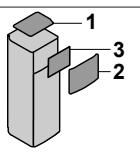


INFORMATION

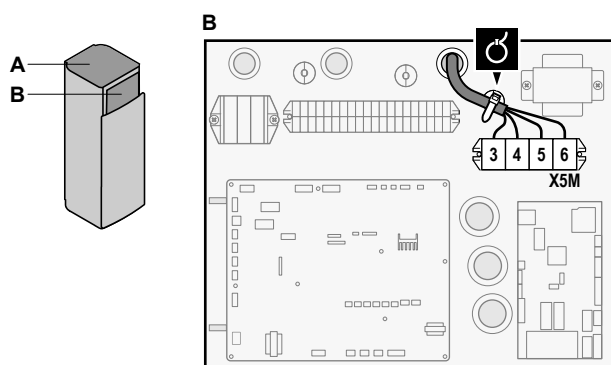
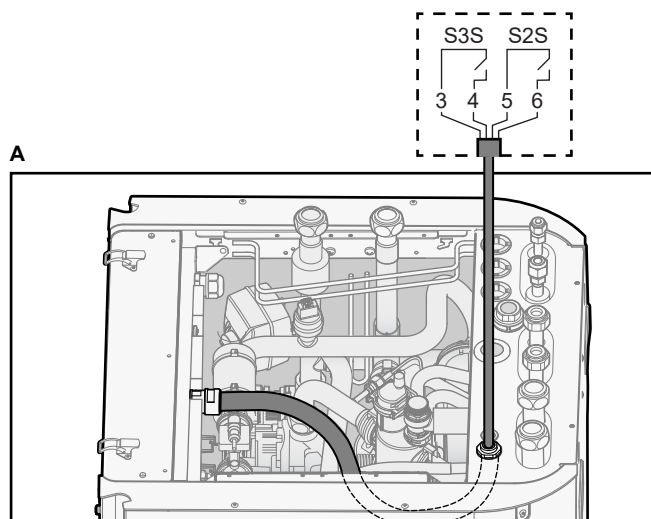
In case of an electricity meter with transistor output, check the polarity. The positive polarity **MUST** be connected to X5M/6 and X5M/4; the negative polarity to X5M/5 and X5M/3.

- Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Top panel |
| 2 | User interface panel |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover |






- Connect the electricity meters cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.



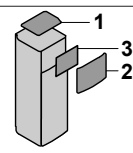
- Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

6.3.5 To connect the domestic hot water pump

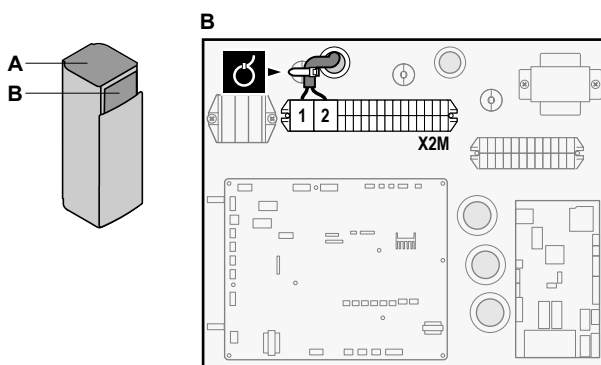
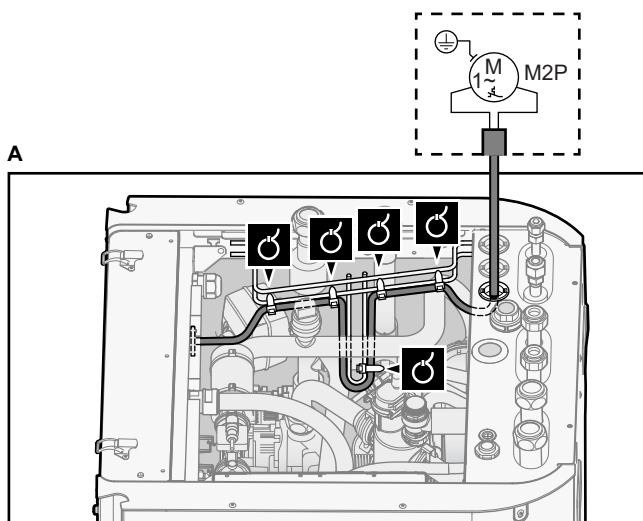
| | |
|--|---|
|  | Wires: (2+GND)×0.75 mm ² |
|  | DHW pump output. Maximum load: 2 A (inrush), 230 V AC, 1 A (continuous) |
|  | [9.2.2] DHW pump [9.2.3] DHW pump schedule |

- Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Top panel |
| 2 | User interface panel |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover |






- Connect the domestic hot water pump cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.



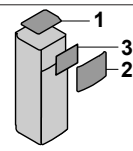
- Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

6.3.6 To connect the alarm output

| | |
|---|-----------------------------------|
|  | Wires: (2+1)×0.75 mm ² |
|  | Maximum load: 0.3 A, 250 V AC |
|  | [9.D] Alarm output |

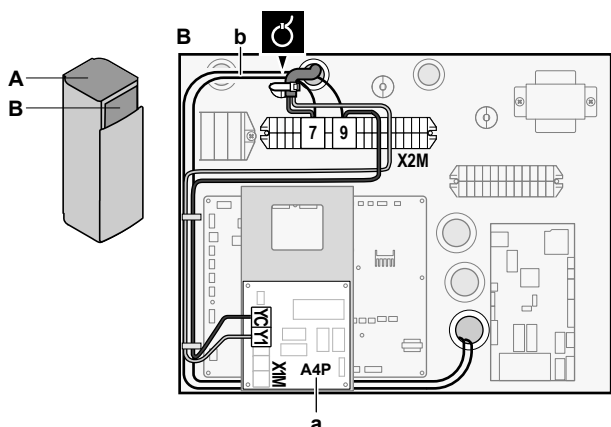
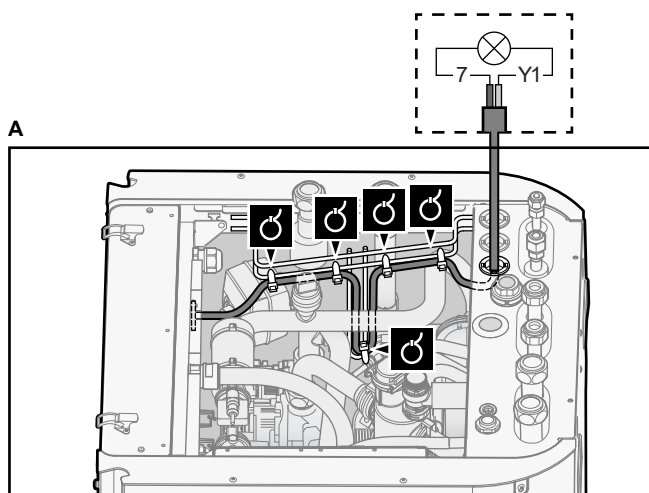
- Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Top panel |
| 2 | User interface panel |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover |

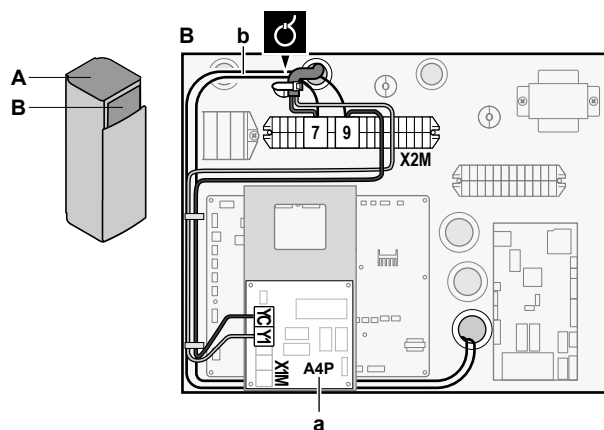
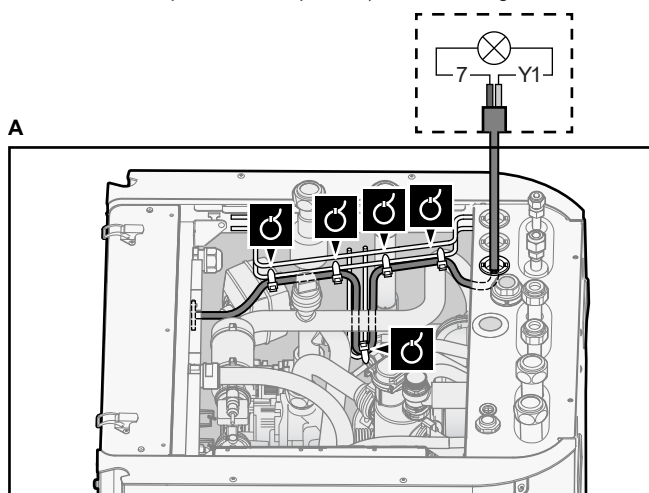


- Connect the alarm output cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.

| | | |
|--|-----|--|
| | 1+2 | Wires connected to the alarm output |
| | 3 | Wire between X2M and A4P |
| | A4P | Installation of EKRP1HBAA is required. |



- a Installation of EKR1HBAA (+ mounting plate, see "6.4 To install the mounting plate" ▶ 27) is required.
b Prewiring between X2M/7+9 and Q1L (= thermal protector backup heater). Do NOT change.



- a Installation of EKR1HBAA (+ mounting plate, see "6.4 To install the mounting plate" ▶ 27) is required.
b Prewiring between X2M/7+9 and Q1L (= thermal protector backup heater). Do NOT change.

3 Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

6.3.7 To connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output

| | |
|--|--|
| | Wires: (2+1)×0.75 mm ² Maximum load: 0.3 A, 250 V AC |
| | — |

1 Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

| | | |
|---|------------------------|--|
| 1 | Top panel | |
| 2 | User interface panel | |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover | |

2 Connect the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.

| | | |
|--|-----|--|
| | 1+2 | Wires connected to the space cooling/heating ON/OFF output |
| | 3 | Wire between X2M and A4P |
| | A4P | Installation of EKR1HBAA is required. |

3 Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

6.3.8 To connect the power consumption digital inputs

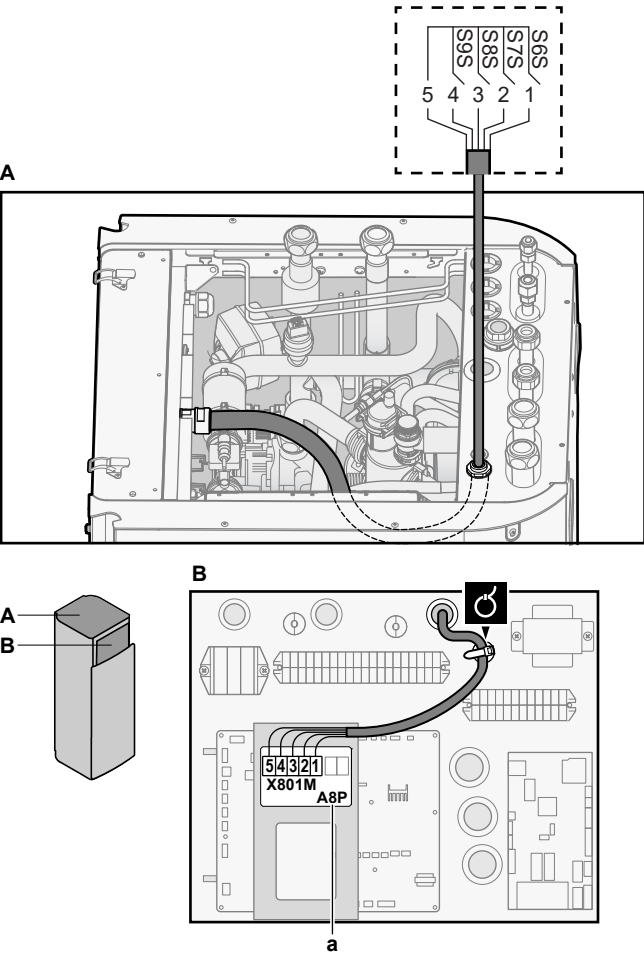
| | |
|--|--|
| | Wires: 2 (per input signal)×0.75 mm ² Power limitation digital inputs: 12 V DC / 12 mA detection (voltage supplied by PCB) |
| | [9.9] Power consumption control. |

1 Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

| | | |
|---|------------------------|--|
| 1 | Top panel | |
| 2 | User interface panel | |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover | |

2 Connect the power consumption digital inputs cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.

6 Electrical installation



a Installation of EKR1AHTA (+ mounting plate, see "6.4 To install the mounting plate" ▶ 27) is required.

3 Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

6.3.9 To connect the safety thermostat (normally closed contact)

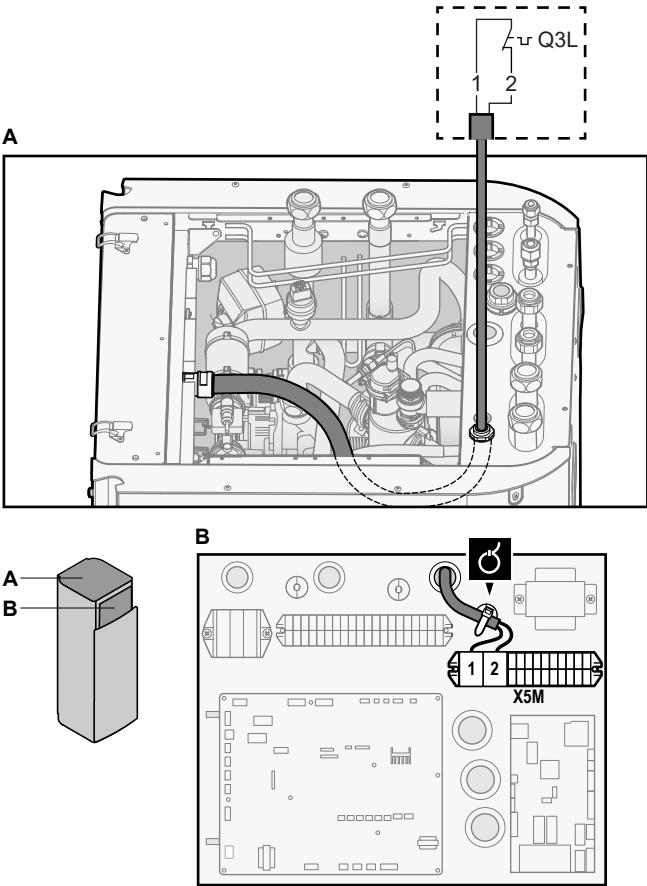
1 Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Top panel |
| 2 | User interface panel |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover |

Main zone

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| | Wires: 2×0.75 mm² |
| | — |

2 Connect the safety thermostat (normally closed) cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.



3 Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.



INFORMATION

Installation of a safety thermostat (field supply) is required for the main zone, otherwise the unit will NOT operate.



NOTICE

A safety thermostat MUST be installed on the main zone to avoid too high water temperatures in this zone. The safety thermostat is typically a thermostatically controlled valve with a normally closed contact. When the water temperature in the main zone is too high, the contact will open and the user interface will show a 8H-02 error. ONLY the main pump will stop.

Additional zone



Wires: 2×0.75 mm²

Maximum length: 50 m

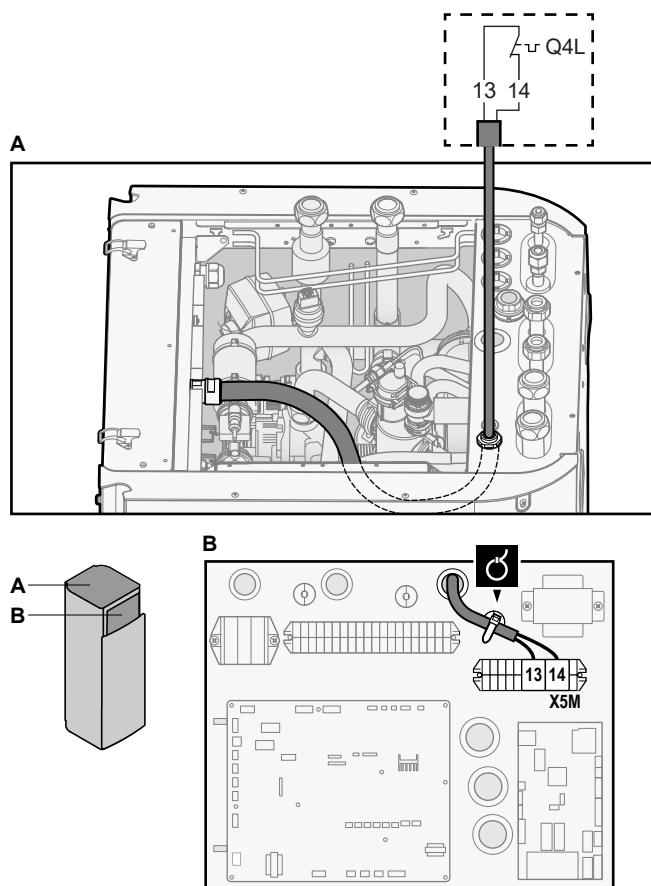
Safety thermostat contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB). The voltage-free contact shall ensure the minimum applicable load of 15 V DC, 10 mA.



—

4 Connect the safety thermostat (normally closed) cable to the appropriate terminals as shown in the illustration below.

Note: The jumper wire (factory-mounted) must be removed from the respective terminals.



5 Fix the cable with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.



NOTICE

Make sure to select and install the safety thermostat for the additional zone according to the applicable legislation.

In any case, to prevent unnecessary tripping of the safety thermostat, we recommend the following:

- The safety thermostat is automatically resettable.
- The safety thermostat has a maximum temperature variation rate of 2°C/min.
- There is a minimum distance of 2 m between the safety thermostat and the 3-way valve.



NOTICE

Error. If you remove the jumper (open circuit) but do NOT connect the safety thermostat, stop error 8H-03 will occur.

6.3.10 To connect a Smart Grid

This topic describes 2 possible ways to connect the indoor unit to a Smart Grid:

- In case of low voltage Smart Grid contacts
- In case of high voltage Smart Grid contacts. This requires the installation of the Smart Grid relay kit (EKRELSG).

The 2 incoming Smart Grid contacts can activate the following Smart Grid modes:

| Smart Grid contact | | Smart Grid operation mode |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------|
| ① | ② | |
| 0 | 0 | Free running |
| 0 | 1 | Forced off |
| 1 | 0 | Recommended on |
| 1 | 1 | Forced on |

The use of a Smart Grid pulse meter is not mandatory:

| If Smart Grid pulse meter is... | Then [9.8.8] Limit setting kW is... |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Used ([9.A.2] Electricity meter 2 ≠ None) | Not applicable |
| Not used ([9.A.2] Electricity meter 2 = None) | Applicable |

In case of low voltage Smart Grid contacts



Wires (Smart Grid pulse meter): 0.5 mm²

Wires (low voltage Smart Grid contacts): 0.5 mm²



[9.8.4]=3 (Benefit kWh power supply = Smart Grid)

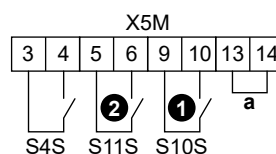
[9.8.5] Smart Grid operation mode

[9.8.6] Allow electrical heaters

[9.8.7] Enable room buffering

[9.8.8] Limit setting kW

The wiring of the Smart Grid in case of low voltage contacts is as follows:

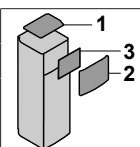


a Jumper (factory-mounted). If you also connect a safety thermostat (Q4L), replace the jumper with the safety thermostat wires.

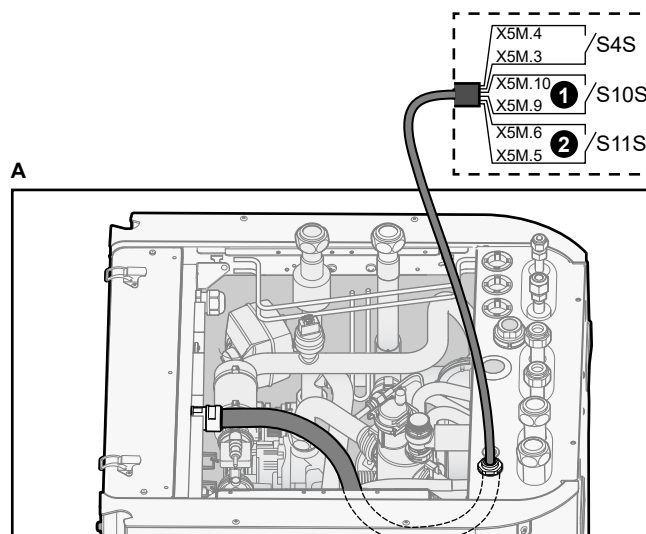
- S4S Smart Grid pulse meter
- ①/S10S Low voltage Smart Grid contact 1
- ②/S11S Low voltage Smart Grid contact 2

1 Open the following (see "4.2.1 To open the indoor unit" ▶ 12):

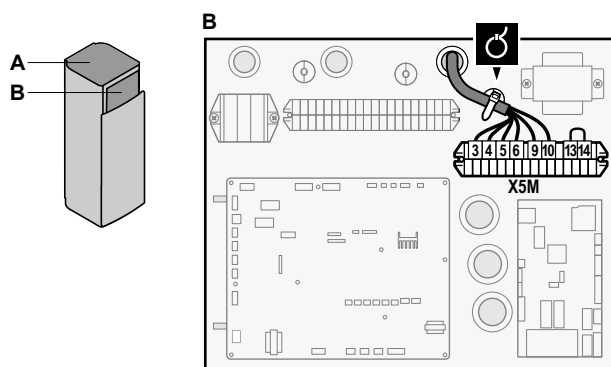
| | |
|---|------------------------|
| 1 | Top panel |
| 2 | User interface panel |
| 3 | Upper switch box cover |



2 Connect the wiring as follows:





6 Electrical installation

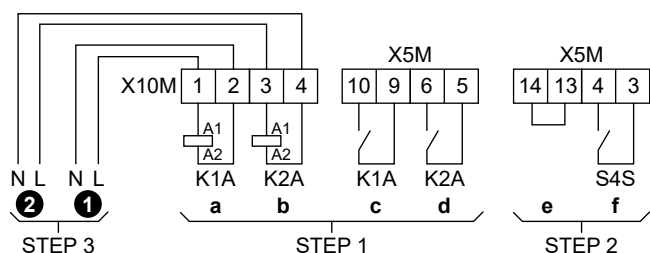


3 Fix the cables with cable ties to the cable tie mountings.

In case of high voltage Smart Grid contacts

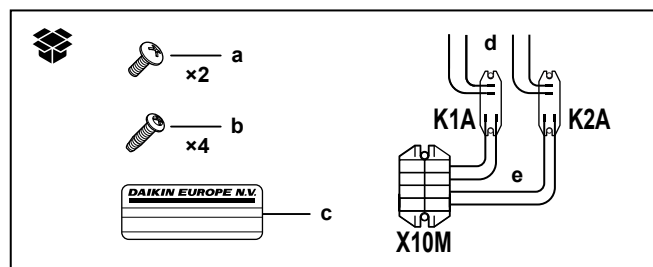
| | |
|--|---|
|  | Wires (Smart Grid pulse meter): 0.5 mm ² |
| | Wires (high voltage Smart Grid contacts): 1 mm ² |
|  | [9.8.4]=3 (Benefit kWh power supply = Smart Grid) |
| | [9.8.5] Smart Grid operation mode |
| | [9.8.6] Allow electrical heaters |
| | [9.8.7] Enable room buffering |
| | [9.8.8] Limit setting kw |

The wiring of the Smart Grid in case of high voltage contacts is as follows:

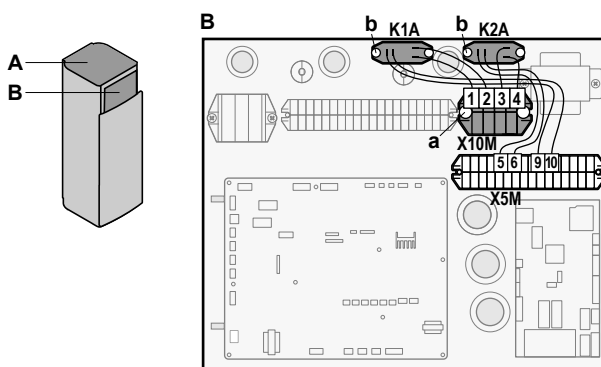


- STEP 1** Smart Grid relay kit installation
- STEP 2** Low voltage connections
- STEP 3** High voltage connections
 - 1** High voltage Smart Grid contact 1
 - 2** High voltage Smart Grid contact 2
 - a, b** Coil sides of relays
 - c, d** Contact sides of relays
 - e** Jumper (factory-mounted). If you also connect a safety thermostat (Q4L), replace the jumper with the safety thermostat wires.
 - f** Smart Grid pulse meter

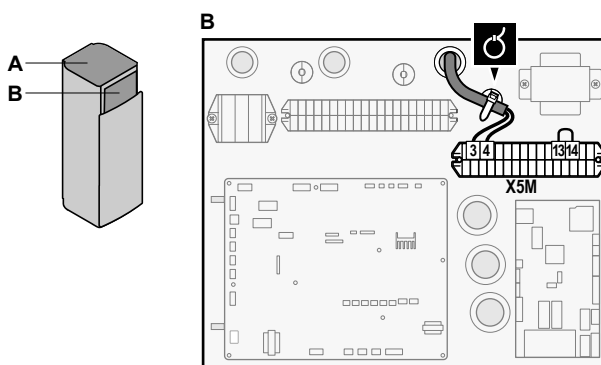
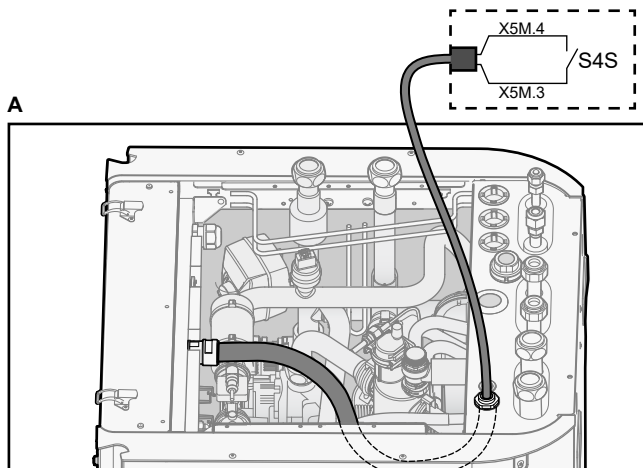
1 Install the components of the Smart Grid relay kit as follows:



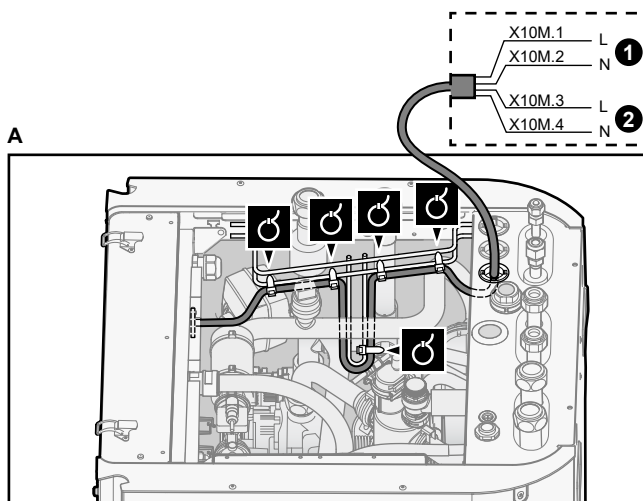
- K1A, K2A** Relays
- X10M** Terminal block
- a** Screws for X10M
- b** Screws for K1A and K2A
- c** Sticker to put on the high voltage wires
- d** Wires between the relays and X5M (AWG22 ORG)
- e** Wires between the relays and X10M (AWG18 RED)



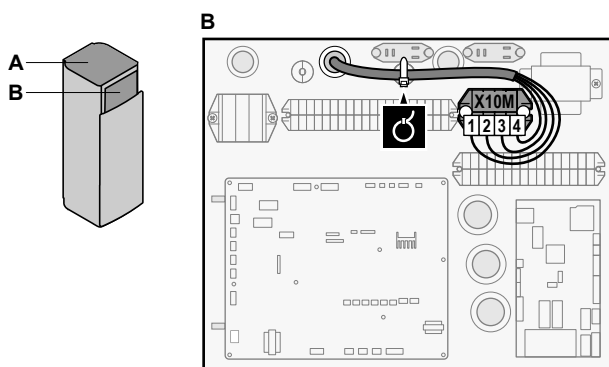
2 Connect the low voltage wiring as follows:



3 Connect the high voltage wiring as follows:

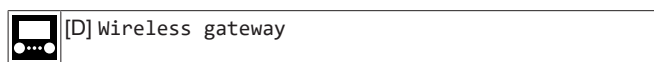


- 1 High voltage Smart Grid contact 1
- 2 High voltage Smart Grid contact 2

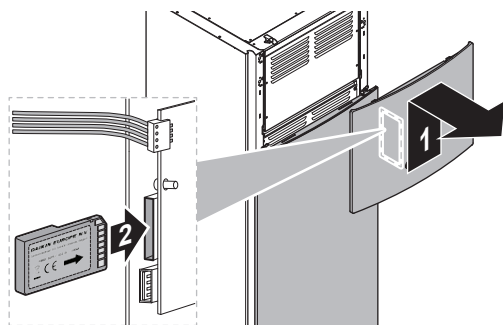


- 4 Fix the cables with cable ties to the cable tie mountings. If necessary, bundle excessive cable length with a cable tie.

6.3.11 To connect the WLAN cartridge (delivered as accessory)

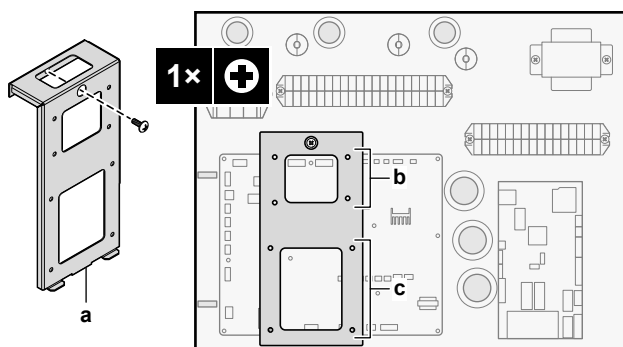


- 1 Insert the WLAN cartridge into the cartridge slot on the user interface of the indoor unit.



6.4 To install the mounting plate

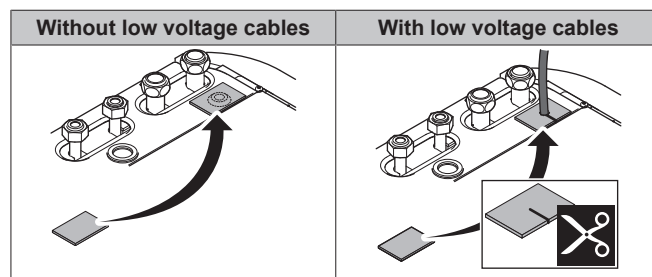
Before you can install the demand PCB or digital I/O PCB, you have to install the mounting plate as follows:



- a Mounting plate + screw (delivered as accessory)
b For demand PCB (A8P: EKR1AHTA)
c For digital I/O PCB (A4P: EKR1HBAA)

6.5 After connecting the electrical wiring to the indoor unit

To prevent water ingress to the switch box, seal the low voltage wiring intake using the sealing tape (delivered as accessory).



7 Configuration



INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.

7.1 Overview: Configuration

This chapter describes what you have to do and know to configure the system after it is installed.



NOTICE

This chapter explains only the basic configuration. For more detailed explanation and background information, see the installer reference guide.

Why

If you do NOT configure the system correctly, it might NOT work as expected. The configuration influences the following:

- The calculations of the software
- What you can see on and do with the user interface

How

You can configure the system via the user interface.

- **First time – Configuration wizard.** When you turn ON the user interface for the first time (via the unit), the configuration wizard starts to help you configure the system.
- **Restart the configuration wizard.** If the system is already configured, you can restart the configuration wizard. To restart the configuration wizard, go to **Installer settings > Configuration wizard**. To access **Installer settings**, see ["7.1.1 To access the most used commands" \[p 28\]](#).
- **Afterwards.** If necessary, you can make changes to the configuration in the menu structure or the overview settings.



INFORMATION

When the configuration wizard is finished, the user interface will show an overview screen and request to confirm. When confirmed, the system will restart and the home screen will be displayed.

Accessing settings – Legend for tables

You can access the installer settings using two different methods. However, NOT all settings are accessible via both methods. If so, the corresponding table columns in this chapter are set to N/A (not applicable).

| Method | Column in tables |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Accessing settings via the breadcrumb in the home menu screen or the menu structure . To enable breadcrumbs, press the ? button in the home screen. | # For example: [2.9] |
| Accessing settings via the code in the overview field settings . | Code For example: [C-07] |

See also:

- ["To access the installer settings" \[p 28\]](#)

7 Configuration

• "7.5 Menu structure: Overview installer settings" ▶ 36]

7.1.1 To access the most used commands

To change the user permission level

You can change the user permission level as follows:

| | | |
|---|--|--------|
| 1 | Go to [B]: User profile. | |
| 2 | Enter the applicable pin code for the user permission level. | — |
| | ▪ Browse through the list of digits and change the selected digit. | ○...○ |
| | ▪ Move the cursor from left to right. | ○●...○ |
| | ▪ Confirm the pin code and proceed. | ○...○ |

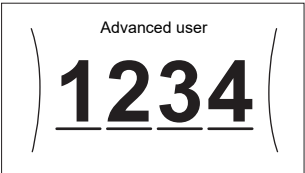
Installer pin code

The Installer pin code is **5678**. Additional menu items and installer settings are now available.



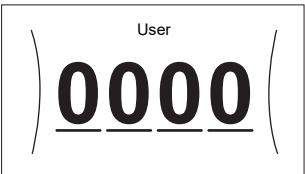
Advanced user pin code

The Advanced user pin code is **1234**. Additional menu items for the user are now visible.



User pin code

The User pin code is **0000**.



To access the installer settings

- 1 Set the user permission level to Installer.
- 2 Go to [9]: Installer settings.

To modify an overview setting

Example: Modify [1-01] from 15 to 20.

Most settings can be configured via the menu structure. If for any reason it is required to change a setting using the overview settings, then the overview settings can be accessed as follows:

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| 1 | Set the user permission level to Installer. See "To change the user permission level" ▶ 28]. | — |
| 2 | Go to [9.I]: Installer settings > Overview field settings. | |

| | | |
|---|--|--|
| 3 | Turn the left dial to select the first part of the setting and confirm by pressing the dial. | |
| 4 | Turn the left dial to select the second part of the setting | |
| 5 | Turn the right dial to modify the value from 15 to 20. | |
| 6 | Press the left dial to confirm the new setting. | |
| 7 | Press the center button to go back to the home screen. | |



INFORMATION

When you change the overview settings and you go back to the home screen, the user interface will show a popup screen and request to restart the system.

When confirmed, the system will restart and recent changes will be applied.

7.2 Configuration wizard

After first power ON of the system, the user interface starts a configuration wizard. Use this wizard to set the most important initial settings for the unit to run properly. If required, you can afterwards configure more settings. You can change all these settings via the menu structure.

Protective functions

The unit is equipped with the following protective functions:

- Room antifrost [2-06]
- Tank disinfection [2-01]

The unit automatically runs the protective functions when necessary. During installation or service, this behaviour is undesired. Therefore, the protective functions can be disabled. For more information, see the Installer reference guide, chapter Configuration.

7.2.1 Configuration wizard: Language

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|-------------|
| [7.1] | N/A | Language |

7.2.2 Configuration wizard: Time and date

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|-----------------------------|
| [7.2] | N/A | Set the local time and date |

**INFORMATION**

By default, daylight savings time is enabled and clock format is set to 24 hours. These settings can be changed during initial configuration or via the menu structure [7.2]: User settings > Time/date.

7.2.3 Configuration wizard: System**Indoor unit type**

The indoor unit type is displayed, but cannot be adjusted.

Backup heater type

The backup heater is adapted to be connected to most common European electricity grids. The type of backup heater can be viewed but not changed.

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|--|
| [9.3.1] | [E-03] | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3: 6V 4: 9W |

Domestic hot water

The following setting determines if the system can prepare domestic hot water or not, and which tank is used. This setting is read only.

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|---|---|
| [9.2.1] | [E-05] ^(a) [E-06] ^(a) [E-07] ^(a) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Integrated The backup heater will also be used for domestic hot water heating. |

^(a) Use the menu structure instead of the overview settings. Menu structure setting [9.2.1] replaces the following 3 overview settings:

- [E-05]: Can the system prepare domestic hot water?
- [E-06]: Is a domestic hot water tank installed in the system?
- [E-07]: What kind of domestic hot water tank is installed?

Emergency

When the heat pump fails to operate, the backup heater can serve as an emergency heater. It then takes over the heat load either automatically or by manual interaction.

- When Emergency is set to Automatic and a heat pump failure occurs, the backup heater automatically takes over the domestic hot water production and space heating.
- When Emergency is set to Manual and a heat pump failure occurs, the domestic hot water heating and space heating stops. To manually recover it via the user interface, go to the Malfunctioning main menu screen and confirm whether the backup heater can take over the heat load or not.
- Alternatively, when Emergency is set to:
 - auto SH reduced/DHW on, space heating is reduced but domestic hot water is still available.
 - auto SH reduced/DHW off, space heating is reduced and domestic hot water is NOT available.
 - auto SH normal/DHW off, space heating operates as normally but domestic hot water is NOT available.

Similarly as in Manual mode, the unit can take the full load with the backup heater if the user activates this via the Malfunctioning main menu screen.

To keep energy consumption low, we recommend to set Emergency to auto SH reduced/DHW off if the house is unattended for longer periods.

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|---|
| [9.5.1] | [4-06] | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Manual 1: Automatic 2: auto SH reduced/DHW on 3: auto SH reduced/DHW off 4: auto SH normal/DHW off |

**INFORMATION**

The auto emergency setting can be set in the menu structure of the user interface only.

**INFORMATION**

If a heat pump failure occurs and Emergency is not set to Automatic (setting 1), the following functions will remain active even if the user does NOT confirm emergency operation:

- Room frost protection
- Underfloor heating screed dryout

However, the disinfection function will be activated ONLY if the user confirms emergency operation via the user interface.

Number of zones

The system can supply leaving water to up to 2 water temperature zones. During configuration, the number of water zones must be set.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|--|
| [4.4] | [7-02] | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: Single zone <p>Only one leaving water temperature zone:</p> <p>a Bypass b Main LWT zone</p> |
| [4.4] | [7-02] | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: Dual zone <p>Two leaving water temperature zones:</p> <p>a Additional LWT zone: Highest temperature b Main LWT zone: Lowest temperature</p> |

**NOTICE**

NOT configuring the system in the following way can cause damage to the heat emitters. If there are 2 zones, it is important that in heating:

- the zone with the lowest water temperature is configured as the main zone, and
- the zone with the highest water temperature is configured as the additional zone.

7 Configuration



NOTICE

If there are 2 zones and the emitter types are wrongly configured, water of high temperature can be sent towards a low temperature emitter (underfloor heating). To avoid this:

- Install an aquastat/thermostatic valve to avoid too high temperatures towards a low temperature emitter.
- Make sure you set the emitter types for the main zone [2.7] and for the additional zone [3.7] correctly in accordance with the connected emitter.



NOTICE

A differential pressure bypass valve can be integrated in the system. Keep in mind that this valve might not be shown on the illustrations.



INFORMATION

During normal operation, the capacity of the second step of the backup heater at nominal voltage is equal to $[6-03]+[6-04]$.



INFORMATION

If $[4-0A]=3$ and emergency mode is active, the power usage of the backup heater is maximal and equal to $2 \times [6-03]+[6-04]$.



INFORMATION

Only for systems with integrated domestic hot water tank: If the storage temperature setpoint is higher than 50°C, Daikin recommends NOT to disable the backup heater second step because it will have a big impact on the required time for the unit to heat up the domestic hot water tank.

7.2.4 Configuration wizard: Backup heater

The backup heater is adapted to be connected to most common European electricity grids. If the backup heater is available, the voltage, configuration and capacity must be set on the user interface.

The capacities for the different steps of the backup heater must be set for the energy metering and/or power consumption control feature to work properly. When measuring the resistance value of each heater, you can set the exact heater capacity and this will lead to more accurate energy data.

Backup heater type

The backup heater is adapted to be connected to most common European electricity grids. The type of backup heater can be viewed but not changed.

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|---|
| [9.3.1] | [E-03] | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 3: 6V▪ 4: 9W |

Voltage

- For a 6V model, this can be set to:
 - 230V, 1ph
 - 230V, 3ph
- For a 9W model, this is fixed to 400V, 3ph.

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|--|
| [9.3.2] | [5-0D] | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 0: 230V, 1ph▪ 1: 230V, 3ph▪ 2: 400V, 3ph |

Configuration

The backup heater can be configured in different ways. It can be chosen to have a 1-step only backup heater or a backup heater with 2 steps. If 2 steps, the capacity of the second step depends on this setting. It can also be chosen to have a higher capacity of the second step in emergency.

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|---|
| [9.3.3] | [4-0A] | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 0: Relay 1▪ 1: Relay 1 / Relay 1+2▪ 2: Relay 1 / Relay 2▪ 3: Relay 1 / Relay 2 Emergency Relay 1+2 |



INFORMATION

Settings [9.3.3] and [9.3.5] are linked. Changing one setting influences the other. If you change one, check if the other is still as expected.

Capacity step 1

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|---|
| [9.3.4] | [6-03] | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The capacity of the first step of the backup heater at nominal voltage. |

Additional capacity step 2

| # | Code | Description |
|---------|--------|--|
| [9.3.5] | [6-04] | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ The capacity difference between the second and first step of the backup heater at nominal voltage. Nominal value depends on backup heater configuration. |

7.2.5 Configuration wizard: Main zone

The most important settings for the main leaving water zone can be set here.

Emitter type

Heating up the main zone can take longer. This depends on:

- The water volume of the system
- The heater emitter type of the main zone

The setting Emitter type can compensate for a slow or a quick heating/cooling system during the heat up/cool down cycle. In room thermostat control, Emitter type influences the maximum modulation of the desired leaving water temperature, and the possibility for usage of the automatic cooling/heating changeover based on the indoor ambient temperature.

It is important to set Emitter type correctly and in accordance with your system layout. The target delta T for the main zone depends on it.

Target delta T control is only possible in case only 1 zone is active. Pump control will be different when both zones are active.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [2.7] | [2-0C] | <ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ 0: Underfloor heating▪ 1: Fancoil unit▪ 2: Radiator |

The setting of the emitter type has an influence on the space heating setpoint range and the target delta T in heating as follows:

| Description | Space heating setpoint range | Target delta T in heating |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 0: Underfloor heating | Maximum 55°C | Variable |
| 1: Fancoil unit | Maximum 55°C | Variable |
| 2: Radiator | Maximum 65°C | Fixed 10°C |

**NOTICE**

Average emitter temperature = Leaving water temperature – (Delta T)/2

This means that for a same leaving water temperature setpoint, the average emitter temperature of radiators is lower than that of underfloor heating because of a bigger delta T.

Example radiators: $40 - 8/2 = 36^{\circ}\text{C}$

Example underfloor heating: $40 - 5/2 = 37.5^{\circ}\text{C}$

To compensate, you can:

- Increase the weather-dependent curve desired temperatures [2.5].
- Enable leaving water temperature modulation and increase the maximum modulation [2.C].

Control

Define how the operation of the unit is controlled.

| Control | In this control... |
|--------------------------|---|
| Leaving water | Unit operation is decided based on the leaving water temperature regardless the actual room temperature and/or heating or cooling demand of the room. |
| External room thermostat | Unit operation is decided by the external thermostat or equivalent (e.g. heat pump convector). |
| Room thermostat | Unit operation is decided based on the ambient temperature of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat). |

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [2.9] | [C-07] | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0: Leaving water ▪ 1: External room thermostat ▪ 2: Room thermostat |

Setpoint mode

Define the setpoint mode:

- Fixed: the desired leaving water temperature does not depend on the outdoor ambient temperature.
- In WD heating, fixed cooling mode, the desired leaving water temperature:
 - depends on the outdoor ambient temperature for heating
 - does NOT depend on the outdoor ambient temperature for cooling
- In Weather dependent mode, the desired leaving water temperature depends on the outdoor ambient temperature.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|--|
| [2.4] | N/A | Setpoint mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Fixed ▪ WD heating, fixed cooling ▪ Weather dependent |

When weather dependent operation is active, low outdoor temperatures will result in warmer water and vice versa. During weather dependent operation, the user can shift the water temperature up or down by a maximum of 10°C.

Schedule

Indicates if the desired leaving water temperature is according to a schedule. Influence of the LWT setpoint mode [2.4] is as follows:

- In Fixed LWT setpoint mode, the scheduled actions consist of desired leaving water temperatures, either preset or custom.
- In Weather dependent LWT setpoint mode, the scheduled actions consist of desired shift actions, either preset or custom.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|---|
| [2.1] | N/A | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0: No ▪ 1: Yes |

7.2.6 Configuration wizard: Additional zone

The most important settings for the additional leaving water zone can be set here.

Emitter type

For more info about this functionality, see ["7.2.5 Configuration wizard: Main zone" \[p 30\]](#).

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [3.7] | [2-0D] | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0: Underfloor heating ▪ 1: Fancoil unit ▪ 2: Radiator |

Control

The control type is displayed here, but cannot be adjusted. It is determined by the control type of the main zone. For more info about the functionality, see ["7.2.5 Configuration wizard: Main zone" \[p 30\]](#).

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|---|
| [3.9] | N/A | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0: Leaving water if the control type of the main zone is Leaving water. ▪ 1: External room thermostat if the control type of the main zone is External room thermostat or Room thermostat. |

Setpoint mode

For more info about this functionality, see ["7.2.5 Configuration wizard: Main zone" \[p 30\]](#).

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|--|
| [3.4] | N/A | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0: Fixed ▪ 1: WD heating, fixed cooling ▪ 2: Weather dependent |

If you choose WD heating, fixed cooling or Weather dependent, the next screen will be the detailed screen with weather-dependent curves. Also see ["7.3 Weather-dependent curve" \[p 32\]](#).

Schedule

Indicates if the desired leaving water temperature is according to a schedule. Also see ["7.2.5 Configuration wizard: Main zone" \[p 30\]](#).

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|---|
| [3.1] | N/A | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 0: No ▪ 1: Yes |

7.2.7 Configuration wizard: Tank**INFORMATION**

To make tank defrost possible, we recommend a minimum tank temperature of 35°C.

Heat up mode

The domestic hot water can be prepared in 3 different ways. They differ from each other by the way the desired tank temperature is set and how the unit acts upon it.

7 Configuration

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|--|
| [5.6] | [6-0D] | Heat up mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none">0: Reheat only: Only reheat operation is allowed.1: Schedule + reheat: The domestic hot water tank is heated according to a schedule and between the scheduled heat up cycles, reheat operation is allowed.2: Schedule only: The domestic hot water tank can ONLY be heated according to a schedule. |

See the operation manual for more details.

Settings for Reheat only mode

During Reheat only mode, the tank setpoint can be set on the user interface. The maximum allowed temperature is determined by the following setting:

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|--|
| [5.8] | [6-0E] | Maximum: The maximum temperature that users can select for the domestic hot water. You can use this setting to limit the temperature at the hot water taps. The maximum temperature is NOT applicable during disinfection function. See disinfection function. |

To set the heat pump ON hysteresis:

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|--|
| [5.9] | [6-00] | Heat pump ON hysteresis <ul style="list-style-type: none">2°C~40°C |

Settings for Schedule only mode and Schedule + reheat mode

Comfort setpoint

Only applicable when domestic hot water preparation is Schedule only or Schedule + reheat. When programming the schedule, you can make use of the comfort setpoint as a preset value. When you later want to change the storage setpoint, you only have to do it in one place.

The tank will heat up until the **storage comfort temperature** has been reached. It is the higher desired temperature when a storage comfort action is scheduled.

Additionally, a storage stop can be programmed. This feature puts a stop to tank heating even if the setpoint has NOT been reached. Only program a storage stop when tank heating is absolutely undesirable.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [5.2] | [6-0A] | Comfort setpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none">30°C~[6-0E]°C |

Eco setpoint

The **storage economic temperature** denotes the lower desired tank temperature. It is the desired temperature when a storage economic action is scheduled (preferably during day).

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [5.3] | [6-0B] | Eco setpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none">30°C~min(50,[6-0E])°C |

Reheat setpoint

Desired reheat tank temperature, used:

- in Schedule + reheat mode, during reheat mode: the guaranteed minimum tank temperature is set by the Reheat setpoint minus the reheat hysteresis. If the tank temperature drops below this value, the tank is heated up.
- during storage comfort, to prioritize the domestic hot water preparation. When the tank temperature rises above this value, domestic hot water preparation and space heating/cooling are executed sequentially.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|--|
| [5.4] | [6-0C] | Reheat setpoint: <ul style="list-style-type: none">30°C~min(50,[6-0E])°C |

Hysteresis (reheat hysteresis)

Applicable when domestic hot water preparation is scheduled+reheat. When the tank temperature drops below the reheat temperature minus the reheat hysteresis temperature, the tank heats up to the reheat temperature.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|--|
| [5.A] | [6-08] | Reheat hysteresis <ul style="list-style-type: none">2°C~20°C |

7.3 Weather-dependent curve

7.3.1 What is a weather-dependent curve?

Weather-dependent operation

The unit operates 'weather-dependent' if the desired leaving water or tank temperature is determined automatically by the outdoor temperature. It therefore is connected to a temperature sensor on the North wall of the building. If the outdoor temperature drops or rises, the unit compensates instantly. Thus, the unit does not have to wait for feedback by the thermostat to increase or decrease the temperature of the leaving water or tank. Because it reacts more quickly, it prevents high rises and drops of the indoor temperature and water temperature at tap points.

Advantage

Weather-dependent operation reduces energy consumption.

Weather-dependent curve

To be able to compensate for differences in temperature, the unit relies on its weather-dependent curve. This curve defines how much the temperature of the tank or leaving water must be at different outdoor temperatures. Because the slope of the curve depends on local circumstances such as climate and the insulation of the building, the curve can be adjusted by an installer or user.

Types of weather-dependent curve

There are 2 types of weather-dependent curves:

- 2-points curve
- Slope-offset curve

Which type of curve you use to make adjustments, depends on your personal preference. See ["7.3.4 Using weather-dependent curves"](#) ▶ 33].

Availability

The weather-dependent curve is available for:

- Main zone - Heating
- Main zone - Cooling
- Additional zone - Heating
- Additional zone - Cooling
- Tank (only available to installers)



INFORMATION

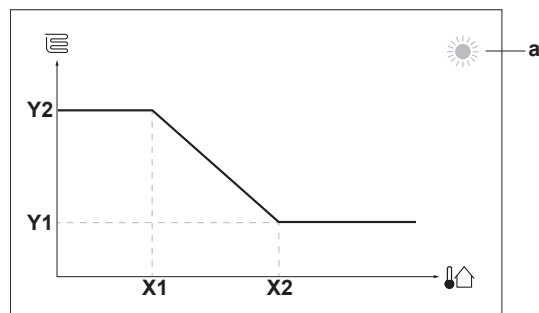
To operate weather-dependent, correctly configure the setpoint of the main zone, additional zone or tank. See ["7.3.4 Using weather-dependent curves"](#) ▶ 33].

7.3.2 2-points curve

Define the weather-dependent curve with these two setpoints:

- Setpoint (X1, Y2)
- Setpoint (X2, Y1)

Example



| Item | Description |
|---------------|---|
| a | Selected weather-dependent zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ : Main zone or additional zone heating ▪ : Main zone or additional zone cooling ▪ : Domestic hot water |
| X1, X2 | Examples of outdoor ambient temperature |
| Y1, Y2 | Examples of desired tank temperature or leaving water temperature. The icon corresponds to the heat emitter for that zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ : Underfloor heating ▪ : Fan coil unit ▪ : Radiator ▪ : Domestic hot water tank |

| Possible actions on this screen | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| | Go through the temperatures. |
| | Change the temperature. |
| | Go to the next temperature. |
| | Confirm changes and proceed. |

7.3.3 Slope-offset curve

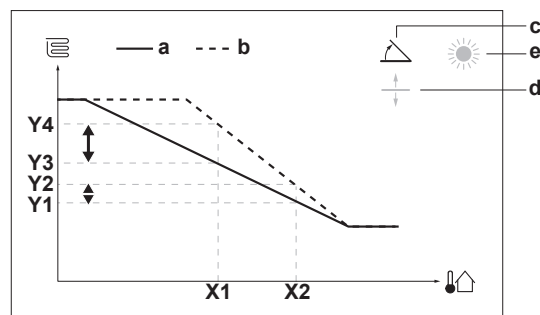
Slope and offset

Define the weather-dependent curve by its slope and offset:

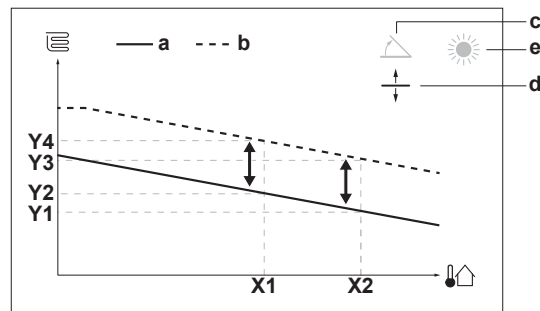
- Change the **slope** to differently increase or decrease the temperature of the leaving water for different ambient temperatures. For example, if leaving water temperature is in general fine but at low ambient temperatures too cold, raise the slope so that leaving water temperature is heated increasingly more at decreasingly lower ambient temperatures.
- Change the **offset** to equally increase or decrease the temperature of the leaving water for different ambient temperatures. For example, if leaving water temperature is always a bit too cold at different ambient temperatures, shift the offset up to equally increase the leaving water temperature for all ambient temperatures.

Examples

Weather-dependent curve when slope is selected:



Weather-dependent curve when offset is selected:



| Item | Description |
|-----------------------|--|
| a | WD curve before changes. |
| b | WD curve after changes (as example): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ When slope is changed, the new preferred temperature at X1 is unequally higher than the preferred temperature at X2. ▪ When offset is changed, the new preferred temperature at X1 is equally higher as the preferred temperature at X2. |
| c | Slope |
| d | Offset |
| e | Selected weather-dependent zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ : Main zone or additional zone heating ▪ : Main zone or additional zone cooling ▪ : Domestic hot water |
| X1, X2 | Examples of outdoor ambient temperature |
| Y1, Y2, Y3, Y4 | Examples of desired tank temperature or leaving water temperature. The icon corresponds to the heat emitter for that zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ : Underfloor heating ▪ : Fan coil unit ▪ : Radiator ▪ : Domestic hot water tank |

| Possible actions on this screen | |
|---------------------------------|---|
| | Select slope or offset. |
| | Increase or decrease the slope/offset. |
| | When slope is selected: set slope and go to offset. When offset is selected: set offset. |
| | Confirm changes and return to the submenu. |

7.3.4 Using weather-dependent curves

Configure weather-dependent curves as following:

To define the setpoint mode

To use the weather-dependent curve, you need to define the correct setpoint mode:

7 Configuration

| Go to setpoint mode ... | Set the setpoint mode to ... |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Main zone – Heating | |
| [2.4] Main zone > Setpoint mode | WD heating, fixed cooling OR Weather dependent |
| Main zone – Cooling | |
| [2.4] Main zone > Setpoint mode | Weather dependent |
| Additional zone – Heating | |
| [3.4] Additional zone > Setpoint mode | WD heating, fixed cooling OR Weather dependent |
| Additional zone – Cooling | |
| [3.4] Additional zone > Setpoint mode | Weather dependent |
| Tank | |
| [5.B] Tank > Setpoint mode | Restriction: Only available to installers. Weather dependent |

To change the type of weather-dependent curve

To change the type for all zones (main + additional) and for the tank, go to [2.E] Main zone > WD curve type.

Viewing which type is selected is also possible via:

- [3.C] Additional zone > WD curve type
- [5.E] Tank > WD curve type

Restriction: Only available to installers.

To change the weather-dependent curve

| Zone | Go to ... |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Main zone – Heating | [2.5] Main zone > Heating WD curve |
| Main zone – Cooling | [2.6] Main zone > Cooling WD curve |
| Additional zone – Heating | [3.5] Additional zone > Heating WD curve |
| Additional zone – Cooling | [3.6] Additional zone > Cooling WD curve |
| Tank | Restriction: Only available to installers. [5.C] Tank > WD curve |



INFORMATION

Maximum and minimum setpoints

You cannot configure the curve with temperatures that are higher or lower than the set maximum and minimum setpoints for that zone or for the tank. When the maximum or minimum setpoint is reached, the curve flattens out.

To fine-tune the weather-dependent curve: slope-offset curve

The following table describes how to fine-tune the weather-dependent curve of a zone or tank:

| You feel ... | | Fine-tune with slope and offset: | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| At regular outdoor temperatures ... | At cold outdoor temperatures ... | Slope | Offset |
| OK | Cold | ↑ | — |
| OK | Hot | ↓ | — |
| Cold | OK | ↓ | ↑ |
| Cold | Cold | — | ↑ |
| Cold | Hot | ↓ | ↑ |
| Hot | OK | ↑ | ↓ |
| Hot | Cold | ↑ | ↓ |

| You feel ... | | Fine-tune with slope and offset: | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| At regular outdoor temperatures ... | At cold outdoor temperatures ... | Slope | Offset |
| Hot | Hot | — | ↓ |

To fine-tune the weather-dependent curve: 2-points curve

The following table describes how to fine-tune the weather-dependent curve of a zone or tank:

| You feel ... | | Fine-tune with setpoints: | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| At regular outdoor temperatures ... | At cold outdoor temperatures ... | Y2 ^(a) | Y1 ^(a) | X1 ^(a) | X2 ^(a) |
| OK | Cold | ↑ | — | ↑ | — |
| OK | Hot | ↓ | — | ↓ | — |
| Cold | OK | — | ↑ | — | ↑ |
| Cold | Cold | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ | ↑ |
| Cold | Hot | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ |
| Hot | OK | — | ↓ | — | ↓ |
| Hot | Cold | ↑ | ↓ | ↑ | ↓ |
| Hot | Hot | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ | ↓ |

^(a) See "7.3.2 2-points curve" ▶ 33].

7.4 Settings menu

You can set additional settings using the main menu screen and its submenus. The most important settings are presented here.

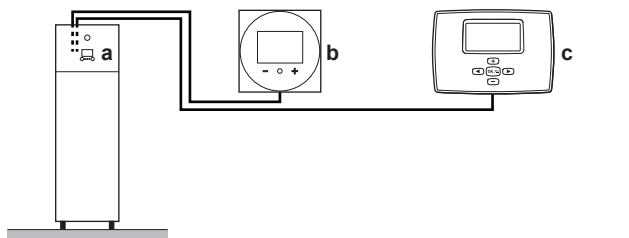
7.4.1 Main zone

Ext thermostat type

Only applicable in external room thermostat control.

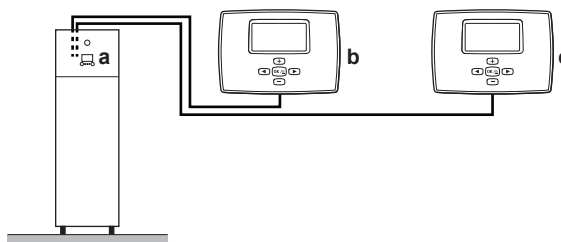
Following combinations are possible to control the unit (not applicable when [C-07]=0):

- [C-07]=2 (Room thermostat)



- a User interface at indoor unit
- b Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat) at main zone
- c External room thermostat at additional zone

- [C-07]=1 (External room thermostat)



- a User interface at indoor unit
- b External room thermostat at main zone
- c External room thermostat at additional zone

**NOTICE**

If an external room thermostat is used, the external room thermostat will control the room frost protection. However, the room frost protection is only possible if [C.2] Space heating/cooling=On.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [2.A] | [C-05] | <p>External room thermostat type for the main zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: 1 contact: The used external room thermostat can only send a thermo ON/OFF condition. There is no separation between heating or cooling demand. 2: 2 contacts: The used external room thermostat can send a separate heating/cooling thermo ON/OFF condition. |

7.4.2 Additional zone

Ext thermostat type

Only applicable in external room thermostat control. For more info about the functionality, see ["7.4.1 Main zone"](#) [p. 34].

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|--------|---|
| [3.A] | [C-06] | <p>External room thermostat type for the additional zone:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1: 1 contact 2: 2 contacts |

7.4.3 Information

Dealer information

The installer can fill in his contact number here.

| # | Code | Description |
|-------|------|---|
| [8.3] | N/A | Number that users can call in case of problems. |

7 Configuration

7.5 Menu structure: Overview installer settings

| [9] Installer settings | [9.2] Domestic hot water |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Configuration wizard | Domestic hot water |
| Domestic hot water | DHW pump |
| Backup heater | DHW pump schedule |
| Emergency | Solar |
| Balancing | [9.3] Backup heater |
| Water pipe freeze prevention | Backup heater type |
| Benefit kWh power supply | Voltage |
| Power consumption control | Configuration |
| Energy metering | Capacity step 1 |
| Sensors | Additional capacity step 2 |
| Bivalent | Equilibrium |
| Alarm output | Equilibrium temperature |
| Auto restart | Operation |
| Power saving function | [9.5] Emergency |
| Disable protections | Emergency |
| Forced defrost | Compressor forced off |
| Overview field settings | [9.6] Balancing |
| Export MMI settings | Space heating priority |
| | Priority temperature |
| | Anti-recycle timer |
| | Minimum running timer |
| | Maximum running timer |
| | Additional timer |
| | [9.8] Benefit kWh power supply |
| | Allow heater |
| | Allow pump |
| | Benefit kWh power supply |
| | Smart Grid operation mode |
| | Allow electrical heaters |
| | Enable room buffering |
| | Limit setting kW |
| | [9.9] Power consumption control |
| | Power consumption control |
| | Type |
| | Limit |
| | Limit 1 |
| | Limit 2 |
| | Limit 3 |
| | Limit 4 |
| | Priority heater |
| | (*) BBR16 activation |
| | (*) BBR16 power limit |
| | [9.A] Energy metering |
| | Electricity meter 1 |
| | Electricity meter 2 |
| | [9.B] Sensors |
| | External sensor |
| | Ext. amb. sensor offset |
| | Averaging time |
| | [9.C] Bivalent |
| | Bivalent |
| | Boiler efficiency |
| | Temperature |
| | Hysteresis |

(*) Only applicable in Swedish language.



INFORMATION

Solar kit settings are shown but are NOT applicable for this unit. Settings shall NOT be used or changed.



INFORMATION

Depending on the selected installer settings and unit type, settings will be visible/invisible.

8 Commissioning



INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.



NOTICE

General commissioning checklist. Next to the commissioning instructions in this chapter, a general commissioning checklist is also available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

The general commissioning checklist is complementary to the instructions in this chapter and can be used as a guideline and reporting template during commissioning and hand-over to the user.

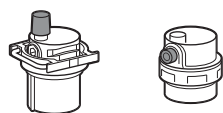


NOTICE

ALWAYS operate the unit with thermistors and/or pressure sensors/switches. If NOT, burning of the compressor might be the result.



NOTICE



Make sure both air purge valves (one on the magnetic filter and one on the backup heater) are open.

All automatic air purge valves MUST remain open after commissioning.



NOTICE

Pump. To prevent blocking of the pump rotor, commission the unit as quickly as possible after filling the water circuit.



INFORMATION

Protective functions – "Installer-on-site mode". The software is equipped with protective functions, such as room antifrost. The unit automatically runs these functions when necessary.

During installation or service this behaviour is undesired. Therefore, the protective functions can be disabled:

- **At first power-on:** The protective functions are disabled by default. After 12 hours they will be automatically enabled.
- **Afterwards:** An installer can manually disable the protective functions by setting [9.G]: Disable protections=Yes. After his work is done, he can enable the protective functions by setting [9.G]: Disable protections=No.

Also see "Protective functions" ▶ 28].

8.1 Checklist before commissioning

- 1 After the installation of the unit, check the items listed below.
- 2 Close the unit.
- 3 Power up the unit.

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | You read the complete installation instructions, as described in the installer reference guide . |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The indoor unit is properly mounted. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The outdoor unit is properly mounted. |

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The following field wiring has been carried out according to this document and the applicable legislation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Between the local supply panel and the outdoor unit ▪ Between indoor unit and outdoor unit ▪ Between the local supply panel and the indoor unit ▪ Between the indoor unit and the valves (if applicable) ▪ Between the indoor unit and the room thermostat (if applicable) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The system is properly earthed and the earth terminals are tightened. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The fuses or locally installed protection devices are installed according to this document, and have NOT been bypassed. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The power supply voltage matches the voltage on the identification label of the unit. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | There are NO loose connections or damaged electrical components in the switch box. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | There are NO damaged components or squeezed pipes on the inside of the indoor and outdoor units. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Backup heater circuit breaker F1B (field supply) is turned ON. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | There are NO refrigerant leaks . |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The refrigerant pipes (gas and liquid) are thermally insulated. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The correct pipe size is installed and the pipes are properly insulated. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | There is NO water leak inside the indoor unit. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The shut-off valves are properly installed and fully open. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The stop valves (gas and liquid) on the outdoor unit are fully open. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The air purge valve is open (at least 2 turns). |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The following field piping on the cold water inlet of the DHW tank has been carried out according to this document and the applicable legislation: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Non-return valve ▪ Pressure reducing valve ▪ Pressure relief valve (and it purges clean water when opened) ▪ Tundish ▪ Expansion vessel |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The pressure relief valve (space heating circuit) purges water when opened. Clean water MUST come out. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The minimum water volume is guaranteed in all conditions. See "To check the water volume and flow rate" in "5.3 Preparing water piping" ▶ 15]. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | The domestic hot water tank is filled completely. |

8.2 Checklist during commissioning

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | To check that the minimum flow rate during backup heater/defrost operation is guaranteed in all conditions. See "To check the water volume and flow rate" in "5.3 Preparing water piping" ▶ 15]. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | To perform an air purge . |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | To perform a test run . |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | To perform an actuator test run . |

8 Commissioning

| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | To perform (start) an underfloor screed dryout (if necessary). |
|--------------------------|---|

8.2.1 To check the minimum flow rate

Mandatory procedure for the additional zone

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Check the hydraulic configuration to find out which space heating loops can be closed by mechanical, electronic, or other valves. | — |
| 2 | Close all space heating loops that can be closed. | — |
| 3 | Start the pump test run (see "8.2.4 To perform an actuator test run" ▶ 38]). | — |
| 4 | Read out the flow rate ^(a) and modify the bypass valve setting to reach the minimum required flow rate + 2 l/min. | — |

^(a) During pump test run, the unit can operate below the minimum required flow rate.

Recommended procedure for the main zone



INFORMATION

The pump of the additional zone ensures that the minimum flow rate for correct operation of the unit is guaranteed.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Check with the hydraulic configuration which space heating loops can be closed by mechanical, electronic, or other valves. | — |
| 2 | Close all space heating loops that can be closed (see previous step). | — |
| 3 | Create a thermo request on the main zone only. | — |
| 4 | Wait 1 minute until the unit is stabilized. | — |
| 5 | If the additional pump is still assisting (the green LED on the right hand sided pump is ON) increase the flow until the additional pump is not assisting anymore (LED is OFF). | — |
| 6 | Go to [8.4.A]: Information > Sensors > Flow rate. | |
| 7 | Read out the flow rate and modify the bypass valve setting to reach the minimum required flow rate + 2 l/min. | — |

| If operation is... | Then the minimum required flow rate is... |
|--------------------|---|
| Cooling | 10 l/min |
| Heating/defrost | 20 l/min |

8.2.2 To perform an air purge

Conditions: Make sure all operation is disabled. Go to [C]: Operation and turn off Space heating/cooling and Tank operation.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Set the user permission level to Installer. See "To change the user permission level" ▶ 28]. | — |
| 2 | Go to [A.3]: Commissioning > Air purge. | |
| 3 | Select OK to confirm. Result: The air purge starts. It stops automatically when air purge cycle is finished. To stop the air purge manually: | |
| 1 | Go to Stop air purge. | |
| 2 | Select OK to confirm. | |



INFORMATION

When air purging in automatic mode, the first air purge is always for the main zone, the second started air purge is always for the additional zone. To air purge the domestic hot water tank circuit, choose [A.3.1.5.2] Circuit=Tank at the start of the manual air purge of the main zone or additional zone.

Air purging heat emitters or collectors

We recommend to purge air with the unit's air purge function (see above). However, if you purge air from the heat emitters or collectors, mind the following:



WARNING

Air purging heat emitters or collectors. Before you purge air from heat emitters or collectors, check if or is displayed on the home screen of the user interface.

- If not, you can purge air immediately.
- If yes, make sure that the room where you want to purge air is sufficiently ventilated. **Reason:** Refrigerant might leak into the water circuit, and subsequently into the room when you purge air from the heat emitters or collectors.

8.2.3 To perform an operation test run



INFORMATION

The test run only applies to the additional temperature zone.

Conditions: Make sure all operation is disabled. Go to [C]: Operation and turn off Space heating/cooling and Tank operation.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Set the user permission level to Installer. See "To change the user permission level" ▶ 28]. | — |
| 2 | Go to [A.1]: Commissioning > Operation test run. | |
| 3 | Select a test from the list. Example: Heating. | |
| 4 | Select OK to confirm. Result: The test run starts. It stops automatically when ready (±30 min). To stop the test run manually: | |
| 1 | In the menu, go to Stop test run. | |
| 2 | Select OK to confirm. | |



INFORMATION

If the outdoor temperature is outside the range of operation, the unit may NOT operate or may NOT deliver the required capacity.

To monitor leaving water and tank temperatures

During test run, the correct operation of the unit can be checked by monitoring its leaving water temperature (heating/cooling mode) and tank temperature (domestic hot water mode).

To monitor the temperatures:

| | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | In the menu, go to Sensors. | |
| 2 | Select the temperature information. | |

8.2.4 To perform an actuator test run

Purpose

Perform an actuator test run to confirm the operation of the different actuators. For example, when you select Pump, a test run of the pump will start.

Conditions: Make sure all operation is disabled. Go to [C]: Operation and turn off Space heating/cooling and Tank operation.

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | Set the user permission level to Installer. See " To change the user permission level " [▶ 28]. | — |
| 2 | Go to [A.2]: Commissioning > Actuator test run. | |
| 3 | Select a test from the list. Example: Pump. | |
| 4 | Select OK to confirm. Result: The actuator test run starts. It stops automatically when ready (±30 min). | |
| To stop the test run manually: | | — |
| 1 | In the menu, go to Stop test run. | |
| 2 | Select OK to confirm. | |

Possible actuator test runs

- Backup heater 1 test
- Backup heater 2 test
- Pump test



INFORMATION

Make sure that all air is purged before executing the test run. Also avoid disturbances in the water circuit during the test run.

- Shut off valve test
- Diverter valve test (3-way valve for switching between space heating and tank heating)
- Bivalent signal test
- Alarm output test
- C/H signal test
- DHW pump test

8.2.5 To perform an underfloor heating screed dryout

Conditions: Make sure all operation is disabled. Go to [C]: Operation and turn off Space heating/cooling and Tank operation.

| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---|
| 1 | Set the user permission level to Installer. See " To change the user permission level " [▶ 28]. | — |
| 2 | Go to [A.4]: Commissioning > UFH screed dryout. | |
| 3 | Set a dryout program: go to Program and use the UFH screed dryout programming screen. | |
| 4 | Select OK to confirm. Result: The underfloor heating screed dryout starts. It stops automatically when done. | |
| To stop the test run manually: | | — |
| 1 | Go to Stop UFH screed dryout. | |
| 2 | Select OK to confirm. | |



NOTICE

To perform an underfloor heating screed dryout, room frost protection needs to be disabled ([2-06]=0). By default, it is enabled ([2-06]=1). However, due to the "installer-on-site" mode (see "Commissioning"), room frost protection will be automatically disabled for 12 hours after the first power-on.

If the screed dryout still needs to be performed after the first 12 hours of power-on, manually disable room frost protection by setting [2-06] to "0", and KEEP it disabled until the screed dryout has finished. Ignoring this notice will result in cracking of the screed.



NOTICE

For the underfloor heating screed dryout to be able to start, make sure the following settings are met:

- [4-00]=1
- [C-02]=0
- [D-01]=0
- [4-08]=0
- [4-01]≠1

9 Hand-over to the user

Once the test run is finished and the unit operates properly, make sure the following is clear for the user:

- Fill in the installer setting table (in the operation manual) with the actual settings.
- Make sure that the user has the printed documentation and ask him/her to keep it for future reference. Inform the user that he can find the complete documentation at the URL mentioned earlier in this manual.
- Explain the user how to properly operate the system and what to do in case of problems.
- Show the user what to do for the maintenance of the unit.
- Explain about energy saving tips to the user as described in the operation manual.

10 Technical data

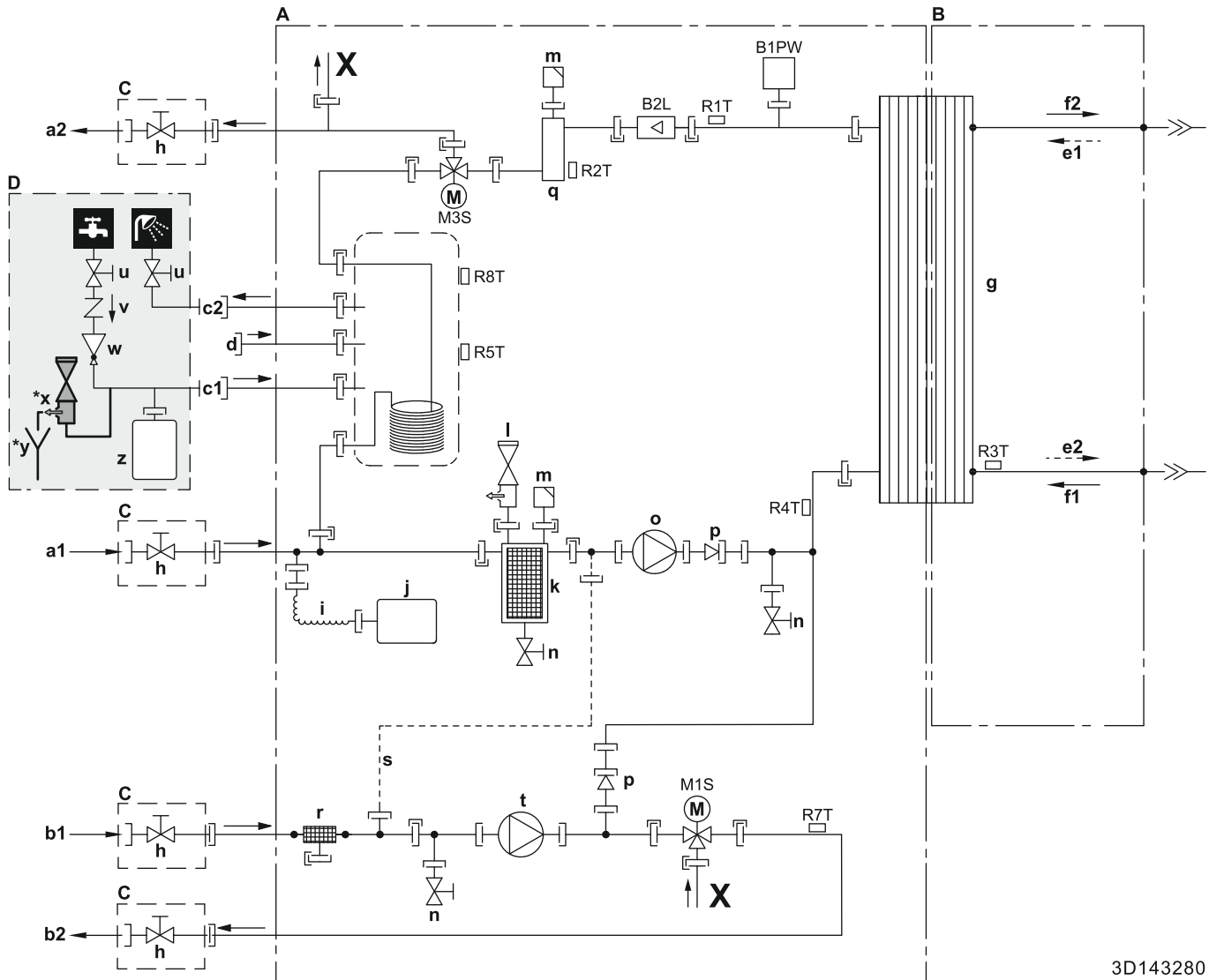


INFORMATION

This unit is a heating only model. Therefore, all references to cooling in this document are NOT applicable.

A **subset** of the latest technical data is available on the regional Daikin website (publicly accessible). The **full set** of the latest technical data is available on the Daikin Business Portal (authentication required).

10.1 Piping diagram: Indoor unit







3D143280

- A** Water side
- B** Refrigerant side
- C** Field installed (delivered with the unit)
- D** Field supplied
- a1** Additional zone – Space heating/cooling – Water IN (screw connection, 1")
- a2** Additional zone – Space heating/cooling – Water OUT (screw connection, 1")
- b1** Main zone – Space heating/cooling – Water IN (screw connection, 1")
- b2** Main zone – Space heating/cooling – Water OUT (screw connection, 1")
- c1** DHW – Cold water IN (screw connection, 3/4")
- c2** DHW – Hot water OUT (screw connection, 3/4")
- d** Recirculation connection
- e1** Gas refrigerant IN (heating mode; condenser)
- e2** Liquid refrigerant OUT (heating mode; condenser)
- f1** Liquid refrigerant IN (cooling mode; evaporator)
- f2** Gas refrigerant OUT (cooling mode; evaporator)
- g** Plate heat exchanger
- h** Shut-off valve for service
- i** Flexible pipe

- s** Capillary tube
- t** Pump (main/mixed zone)
- u** Shut-off valve (recommended)
- v** Non-return valve (recommended)
- w** Pressure reducing valve (recommended)
- *x** Pressure relief valve (max. 10 bar (=1.0 MPa))(mandatory)
- *y** Tundish (mandatory)
- z** Expansion vessel (recommended)
- B2L** Flow sensor
- B1PW** Space heating water pressure sensor
- M1S** 3-way valve (mixing valve for the main/mixed zone)
- M3S** 3-way valve (space heating/domestic hot water)
- Thermistors:**
 - R1T** Outlet water heat exchanger
 - R2T** Outlet water backup heater
 - R3T** Refrigerant liquid side
 - R4T** Inlet water

- j Expansion vessel
- k Magnetic filter/dirt separator
- l Safety valve
- m Automatic air purge
- n Drain valve
- o Pump (additional/direct zone)
- p Check valve
- q Backup heater
- r Water filter (main/mixed zone)

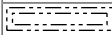
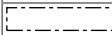
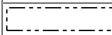
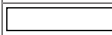
- R5T, R8T Tank
- R7T Main/mixed zone – water OUT

- Connections:**
-  Screw connection
 -  Flare connection
 -  Quick coupling
 -  Brazed connection

10.2 Wiring diagram: Indoor unit

See the internal wiring diagram supplied with the unit (on the inside of the indoor unit switch box cover). The abbreviations used are listed below.

Notes to go through before starting the unit

| English | Translation |
|---|--|
| Notes to go through before starting the unit | Notes to go through before starting the unit |
| X1M | Main terminal |
| X2M | Field wiring terminal for AC |
| X5M | Field wiring terminal for DC |
| X6M | Backup heater power supply terminal |
| X10M | Smart Grid terminal |
| ----- | Earth wiring |
| ----- | Field supply |
| ① | Several wiring possibilities |
|  | Option |
|  | Not mounted in switch box |
|  | Wiring depending on model |
|  | PCB |
| Note 1: Connection point of the power supply for the BUH should be foreseen outside the unit. | Note 1: Connection point of the power supply for the backup heater heater should be foreseen outside the unit. |
| Backup heater power supply | Backup heater power supply |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 6T1 (3~, 230 V, 6 kW) | <input type="checkbox"/> 6T1 (3~, 230 V, 6 kW) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 6V3 (1N~, 230 V, 6 kW) | <input type="checkbox"/> 6V3 (1N~, 230 V, 6 kW) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 6WN/9WN (3N~, 400 V, 6/9 kW) | <input type="checkbox"/> 6WN/9WN (3N~, 400 V, 6/9 kW) |
| User installed options | User installed options |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Remote user interface | <input type="checkbox"/> Dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ext. indoor thermistor | <input type="checkbox"/> External indoor thermistor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ext outdoor thermistor | <input type="checkbox"/> External outdoor thermistor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Digital I/O PCB | <input type="checkbox"/> Digital I/O PCB |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Demand PCB | <input type="checkbox"/> Demand PCB |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Safety thermostat | <input type="checkbox"/> Safety thermostat |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Smart Grid | <input type="checkbox"/> Smart Grid |
| <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN module | <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN module |
| <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN cartridge | <input type="checkbox"/> WLAN cartridge |
| Main LWT | Main leaving water temperature |
| <input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wired) | <input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wired) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wireless) | <input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wireless) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ext. thermistor | <input type="checkbox"/> External thermistor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector | <input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector |
| Add LWT | Additional leaving water temperature |
| <input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wired) | <input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wired) |

| English | Translation |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> On/OFF thermostat (wireless) | <input type="checkbox"/> ON/OFF thermostat (wireless) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Ext. thermistor | <input type="checkbox"/> External thermistor |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector | <input type="checkbox"/> Heat pump convector |

Position in switch box

| English | Translation |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| Position in switch box | Position in switch box |

Legend

| | |
|----------------|---|
| A1P | Main PCB |
| A2P | * ON/OFF thermostat (PC=power circuit) |
| A3P | * Heat pump convector |
| A4P | * Digital I/O PCB |
| A5P | Bizone PCB |
| A6P | Current loop PCB |
| A8P | * Demand PCB |
| A11P | Main PCB of the MMI (= user interface of the indoor unit) |
| A14P | * PCB of the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat) |
| A15P | * Receiver PCB (wireless ON/OFF thermostat) |
| A20P | * WLAN module |
| CN* (A4P) | * Connector |
| DS1(A8P) | * DIP switch |
| F1B | # Overcurrent fuse backup heater |
| F1U, F2U (A4P) | * Fuse 5 A 250 V for digital I/O PCB |
| K1A, K2A | * High voltage Smart Grid relay |
| K1M, K2M | Contacteur backup heater |
| K5M | Safety contacteur backup heater |
| K6M | Relay 3-way valve bypass |
| K7M | Relay 3-way valve flow |
| K*R (A4P) | Relay on PCB |
| M2P | # Domestic hot water pump |
| M2S | # 2-way valve for cooling mode |
| PC (A15P) | * Power circuit |
| PHC1 (A4P) | * Optocoupler input circuit |
| Q1L | Thermal protector backup heater |
| Q3L, Q4L | # Safety thermostat |
| Q*DI | # Earth leakage circuit breaker |
| R1H (A2P) | * Humidity sensor |
| R1T (A2P) | * Ambient sensor ON/OFF thermostat |
| R2T (A2P) | * External sensor (floor or ambient) |
| R6T | * External indoor or outdoor ambient thermistor |

10 Technical data

| | | |
|-------------------|---|--|
| S1S | # | Preferential kWh rate power supply contact |
| S2S | # | Electrical meter pulse input 1 |
| S3S | # | Electrical meter pulse input 2 |
| S4S | # | Smart Grid feed-in |
| S6S~S9S | * | Digital power limitation inputs |
| S10S-S11S | # | Low voltage Smart Grid contact |
| SS1 (A4P) | * | Selector switch |
| TR1 | | Power supply transformer |
| X6M | # | Backup heater power supply terminal strip |
| X10M | * | Smart Grid power supply terminal strip |
| X*, X*A, X*Y*, Y* | | Connector |
| X*M | | Terminal strip |

- * Optional
Field supply

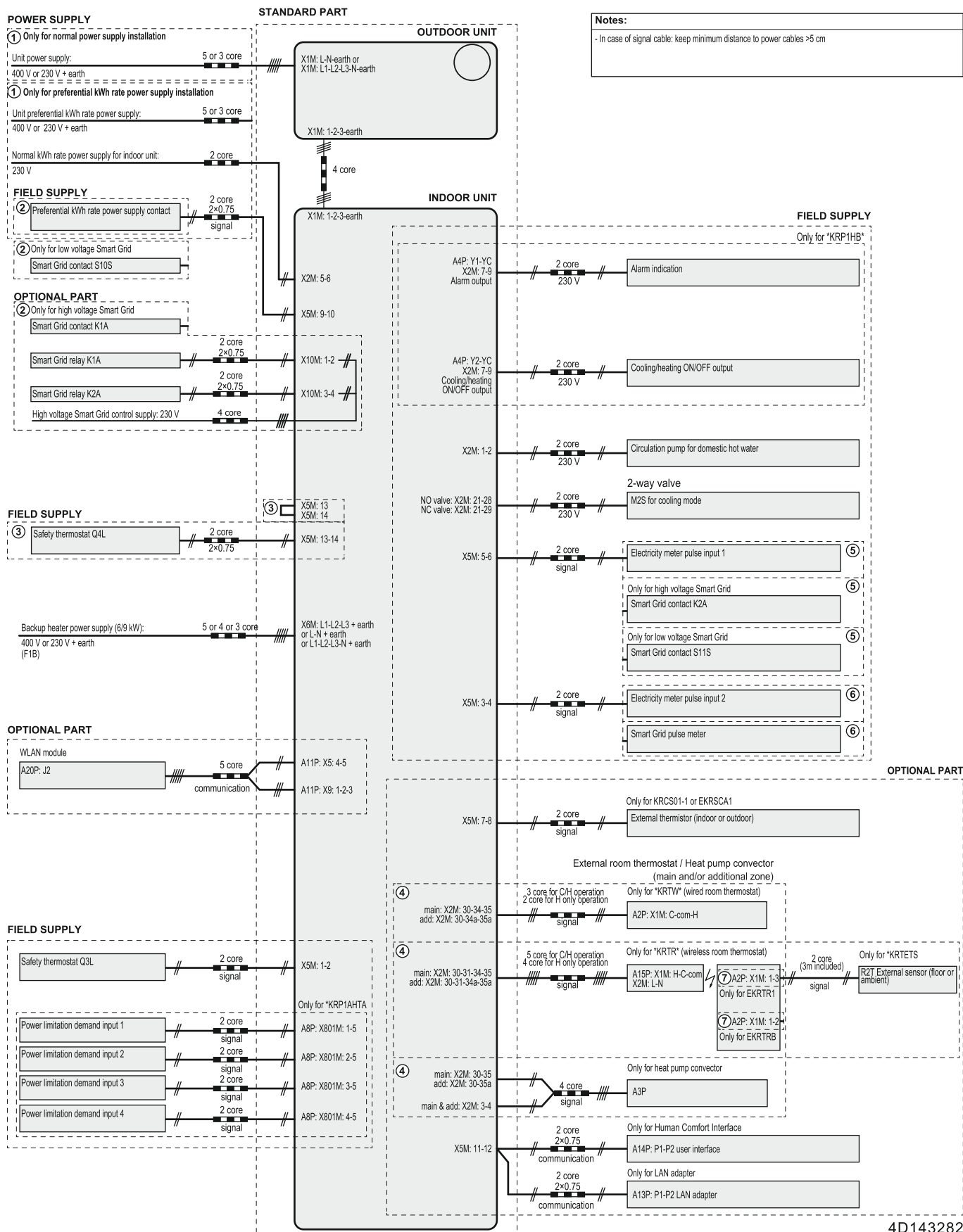
Translation of text on wiring diagram

| English | Translation |
|---|---|
| (1) Main power connection | (1) Main power connection |
| For HP tariff | For heat pump tariff |
| Indoor unit supplied from outdoor | Indoor unit supplied from outdoor |
| Normal kWh rate power supply | Normal kWh rate power supply |
| Only for normal power supply (standard) | Only for normal power supply (standard) |
| Only for preferential kWh rate power supply (outdoor) | Only for preferential kWh rate power supply (outdoor) |
| Outdoor unit | Outdoor unit |
| Preferential kWh rate power supply contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB) | Preferential kWh rate power supply contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB) |
| SWB | Switch box |
| Use normal kWh rate power supply for indoor unit | Use normal kWh rate power supply for indoor unit |
| (2) Backup heater power supply | (2) Backup heater power supply |
| Only for *** | Only for *** |
| (3) User interface | (3) User interface |
| Only for remote user interface | Only for the dedicated Human Comfort Interface (BRC1HHDA used as room thermostat) |
| SD card | Card slot for WLAN cartridge |
| SWB | Switch box |
| WLAN cartridge | WLAN cartridge |
| (5) Ext. thermistor | (5) External thermistor |
| SWB | Switch box |
| (6) Field supplied options | (6) Field supplied options |
| 12 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB) | 12 V DC pulse detection (voltage supplied by PCB) |
| 230 V AC Control Device | 230 V AC Control Device |
| 230 V AC supplied by PCB | 230 V AC supplied by PCB |
| Continuous | Continuous current |
| DHW pump output | Domestic hot water pump output |
| DHW pump | Domestic hot water pump |
| Electrical meters | Electrical meters |
| For HV Smart Grid | For high voltage Smart Grid |
| For LV Smart Grid | For low voltage Smart Grid |
| For safety thermostat | For safety thermostat |
| For Smart Grid | For Smart Grid |
| Inrush | Inrush current |

| English | Translation |
|--|--|
| Max. load | Maximum load |
| Normally closed | Normally closed |
| Normally open | Normally open |
| Safety thermostat | Safety thermostat |
| Safety thermostat contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB) | Safety thermostat contact: 16 V DC detection (voltage supplied by PCB) |
| Shut-off valve | Shut-off valve |
| Smart Grid contacts | Smart Grid contacts |
| Smart Grid PV power pulse meter | Smart Grid photovoltaic power pulse meter |
| SWB | Switch box |
| (7) Option PCBs | (7) Option PCBs |
| Alarm output | Alarm output |
| Changeover to ext. heat source | Changeover to external heat source |
| Max. load | Maximum load |
| Min. load | Minimum load |
| Only for demand PCB option | Only for demand PCB option |
| Only for digital I/O PCB option | Only for digital I/O PCB option |
| Options: ext. heat source output, alarm output | Options: external heat source output, alarm output |
| Options: On/OFF output | Options: ON/OFF output |
| Power limitation digital inputs: 12 V DC / 12 mA detection (voltage supplied by PCB) | Power limitation digital inputs: 12 V DC / 12 mA detection (voltage supplied by PCB) |
| Space C/H On/OFF output | Space cooling/heating ON/OFF output |
| SWB | Switch box |
| (8) External On/OFF thermostats and heat pump convector | (8) External ON/OFF thermostats and heat pump convector |
| Additional LWT zone | Additional leaving water temperature zone |
| Main LWT zone | Main leaving water temperature zone |
| Only for external sensor (floor/ambient) | Only for external sensor (floor or ambient) |
| Only for heat pump convector | Only for heat pump convector |
| Only for wired On/OFF thermostat | Only for wired ON/OFF thermostat |
| Only for wireless On/OFF thermostat | Only for wireless ON/OFF thermostat |

Electrical connection diagram

For more details, please check the unit wiring.



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